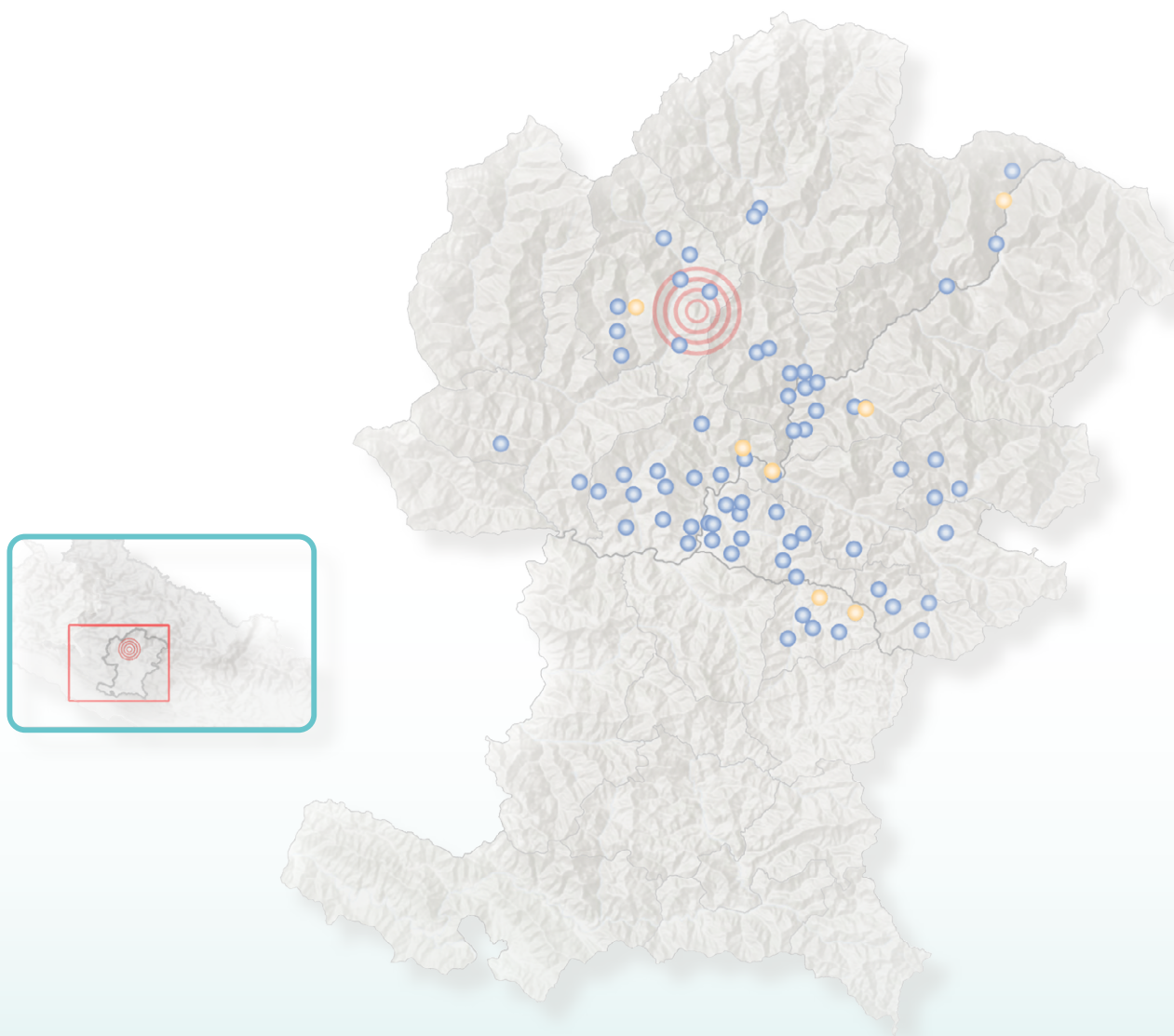




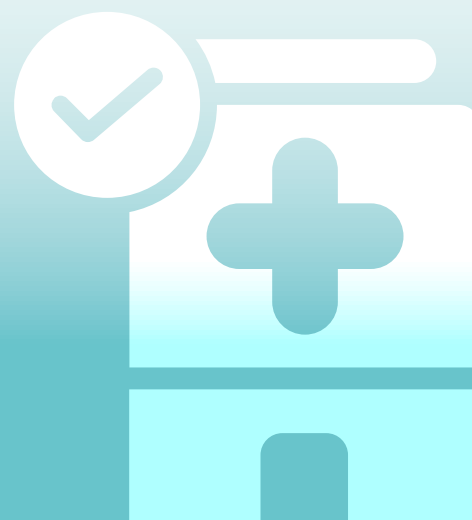
HeRAMS Nepal

Post Jajarkot Earthquake Report
April 2024



Operational status of the health system

A comprehensive mapping of the operational status of HSDUs



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HeRAMS Nepal Post Jarjarkot Earthquake Report April 2024

A comprehensive mapping of the operational status of HSDUs



Government of Nepal
Ministry of Health and Population



HeRAMS
Health Resources and services
Availability Monitoring system



World Health
Organization



USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

ACRONYMS

BHSC Basic Health Service Center

HER Health Electronic Records

HeRAMS Health Resources and Services Availability Monitoring System

HP Health Post

HSDU Health Service Delivery Unit

ICU Intensive Care Unit

PHC Primary Health Center

UHC Urban Health Centre

WHO World Health Organization

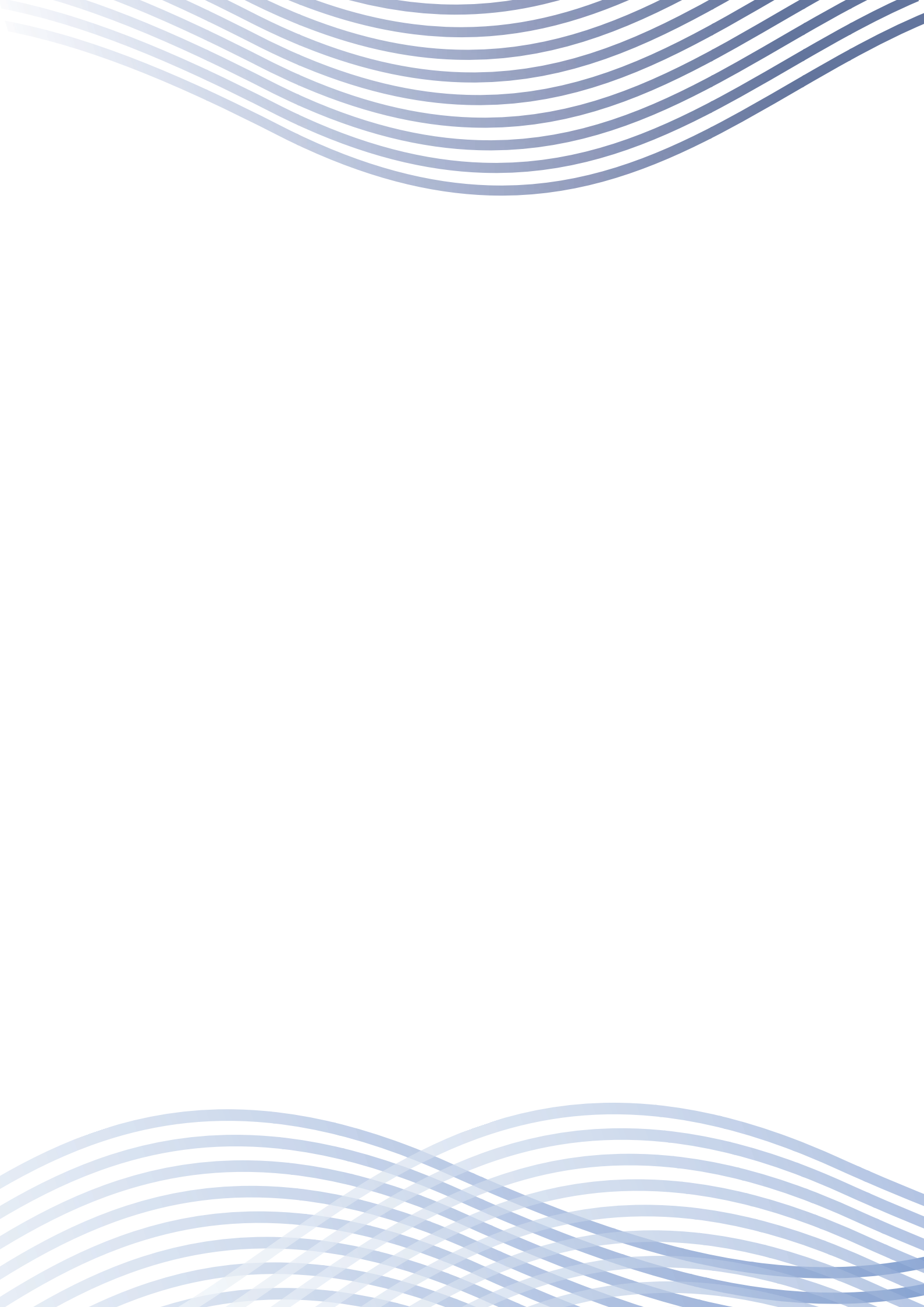


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DISCLAIMER

Disruptions to health systems can impede provision of and access to essential health services. Communities' vulnerability to increased morbidity and mortality substantially increases when a lack of reliable information prevents sound decision-making, especially in rapidly changing environments that require continued assessment. The Health Resources and Services Availability Monitoring System (HeRAMS) aims to provide decision-makers and health stakeholders at large with vital and up-to-date information on the availability of essential health resources and services, help them identify gaps and determine priorities for intervention.

HeRAMS draws on the wealth of experience and knowledge gathered by the World Health Organization (WHO) and health sector actors, including nongovernmental organizations, donors, academic institutions and other technical bodies. It builds on a collaborative approach involving health service providers at large and integrating what is methodologically sound and feasible in highly constrained, low-resourced and rapidly changing environments such as humanitarian emergencies. Rapidly deployable and scalable to support emergency response and fragile states, HeRAMS can also be expanded to - or directly implemented as - an essential component of routine health information systems. Its modularity and scalability make it an essential component of emergency preparedness and response, health systems strengthening, universal health coverage and the humanitarian development nexus.

HeRAMS has been deployed in Nepal since January 2024, allowing for the assessment of 80 health service delivery units (HSDUs), of which 5 were temporary structures, affected by the recent earthquake, which struck Jajarkot and neighboring districts on November 3rd, 2023. This analysis presented here is based on data collected up to January 31st for HSDUs in Jajarkot district and April 8th for HSDUs in Rukum West and Salyan districts.

It is important to note that the deployment of HeRAMS is ongoing, including data verification and validation. Hence, this analysis is not final and was produced solely for the purpose of informing operations. Furthermore, the analysis was restricted to HSDUs directly affected by the earthquake. Thus, this report does not provide an exhaustive analysis of the operational status and the availability of health services and resources in the affected districts.

This is the first report of the **HeRAMS Nepal Post Jarjarkot Earthquake Report April 2024** series, focusing on the operational status of HSDUs, level and type of support provided by partners, and availability of basic amenities. For more in-depth information on availability of essential health services and main barriers impeding service delivery, specialized reports are available on essential clinical and trauma care services¹, child health and nutrition services², communicable disease services³, sexual and reproductive health services⁴, and non-communicable disease and mental health services⁵.

Caution must be taken when interpreting the results presented in this report. Differences between information products published by WHO, national public health authorities, and other sources using different inclusion criteria and different data cut-off times are to be expected. While steps are taken to ensure accuracy and reliability, all data are subject to continuous verification and change.

For additional information, please see <https://www.who.int/initiatives/herams> or contact herams@who.int

¹ HeRAMS Nepal Post Jarjarkot Earthquake Report April 2024 - General clinical and trauma care services: A comprehensive mapping of availability of essential services and barriers to their provision, <https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/herams-nepal-post-jarjarkot-earthquake-report-2024-04-general-clinical-and-trauma-care-services>.

² HeRAMS Nepal Post Jarjarkot Earthquake Report April 2024 - Child health and nutrition services: A comprehensive mapping of availability of essential services and barriers to their provision, <https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/herams-nepal-post-jarjarkot-earthquake-report-2024-04-child-health-and-nutrition-services>.

³ HeRAMS Nepal Post Jarjarkot Earthquake Report April 2024 - Communicable disease services: A comprehensive mapping of availability of essential services and barriers to their provision, <https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/herams-nepal-post-jarjarkot-earthquake-report-2024-04-communicable-disease-services>.

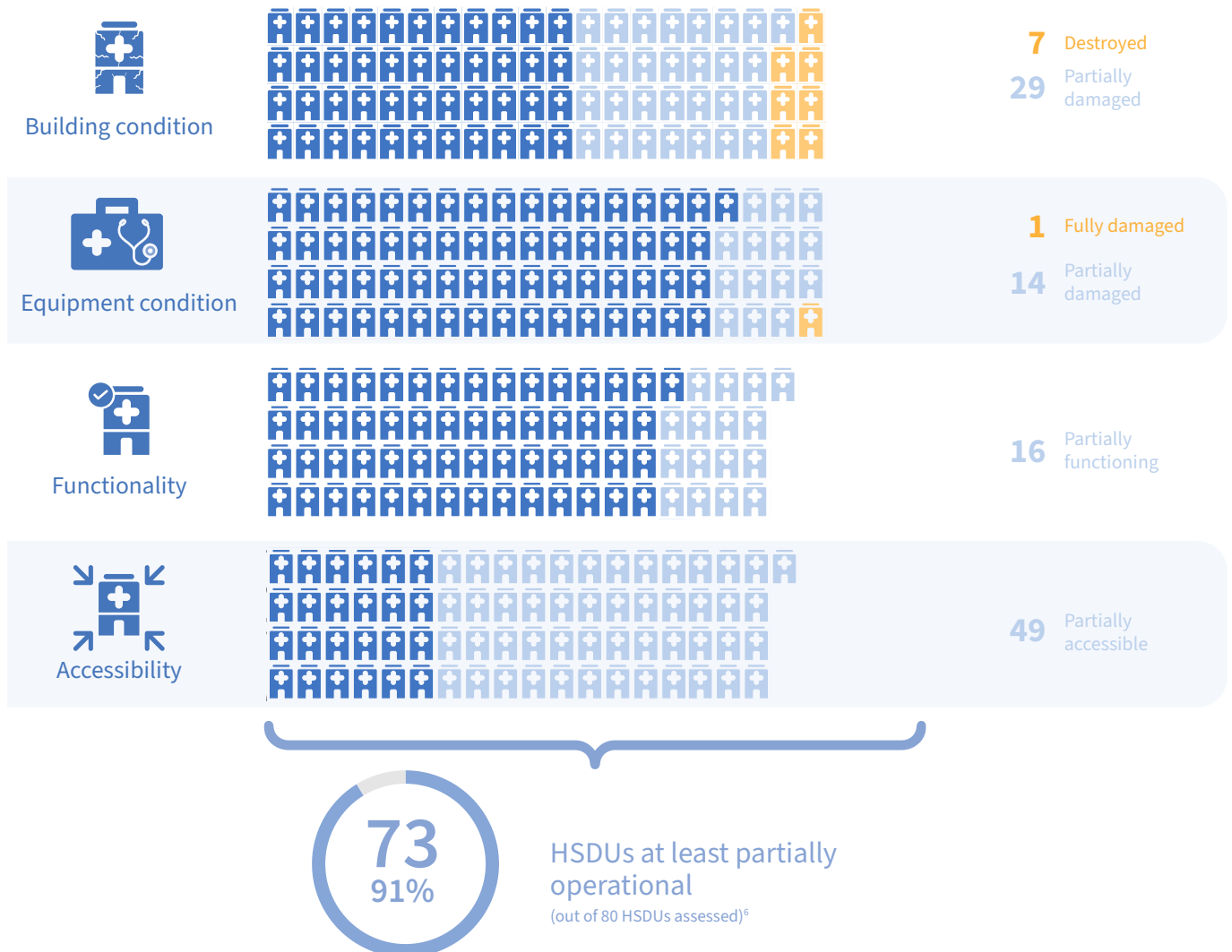
⁴ HeRAMS Nepal Post Jarjarkot Earthquake Report April 2024 - Sexual and reproductive health services: A comprehensive mapping of availability of essential services and barriers to their provision, <https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/herams-nepal-post-jarjarkot-earthquake-report-2024-04-sexual-and-reproductive-health-services>.

⁵ HeRAMS Nepal Post Jarjarkot Earthquake Report April 2024 - Non-communicable disease and mental health services: A comprehensive mapping of availability of essential services and barriers to their provision. <https://www.who.int/publications/m/item/herams-nepal-post-jarjarkot-earthquake-report-2024-04-ncd-and-mental-health-services>.

OVERVIEW OF HSDUs EVALUATED

Data collection summary

80 HSDUs assessed*



* Five of the assessed facilities were temporary structures.

⁶ HSDUs (Health Service Delivery Units) reported as destroyed, non-functioning, or inaccessible are deemed unable to provide any health services, hence categorized as non-operational. Consequently, reporting ends upon confirmation of an HSDU's non-operational status.

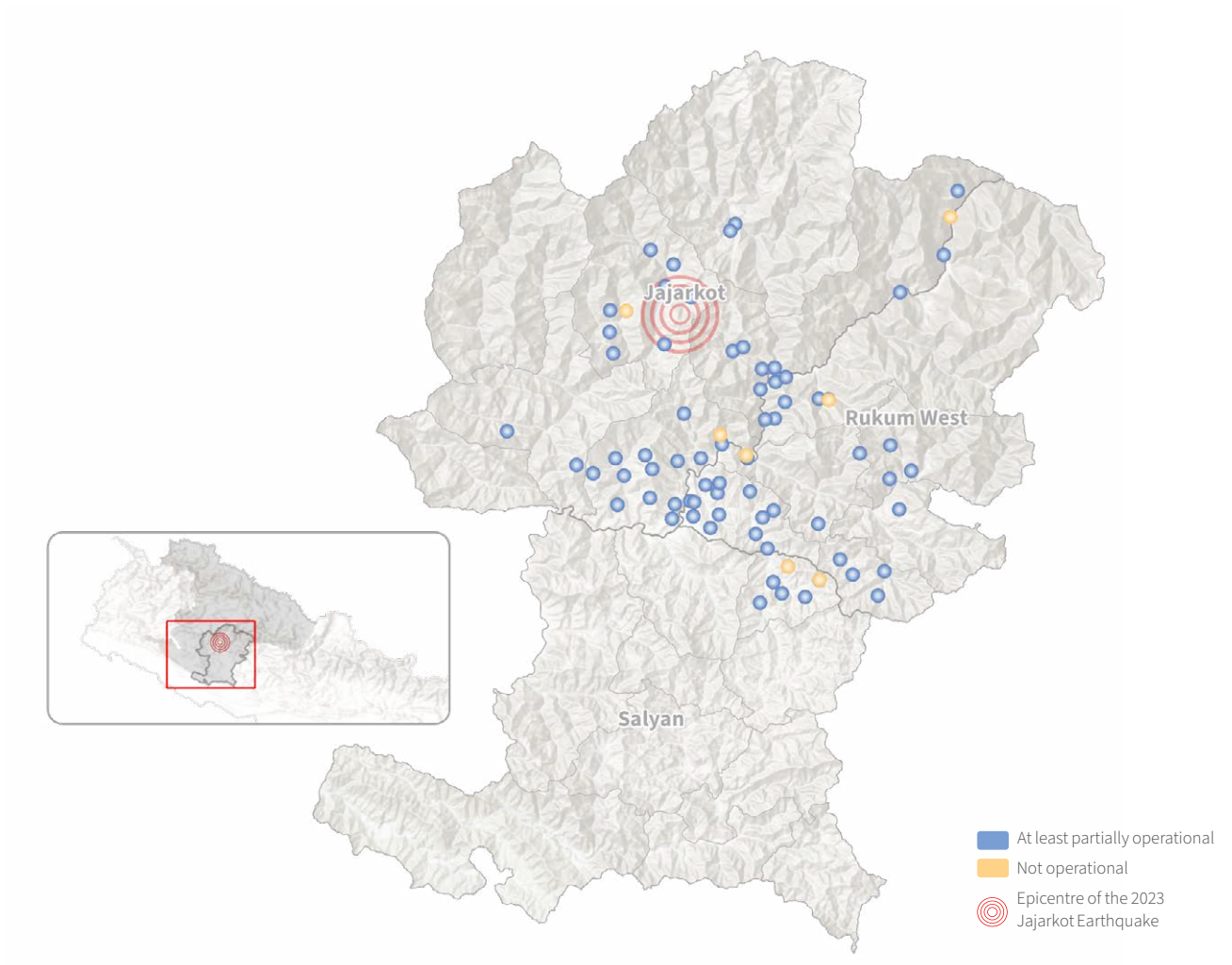


Reporting frequency and operational status by municipality

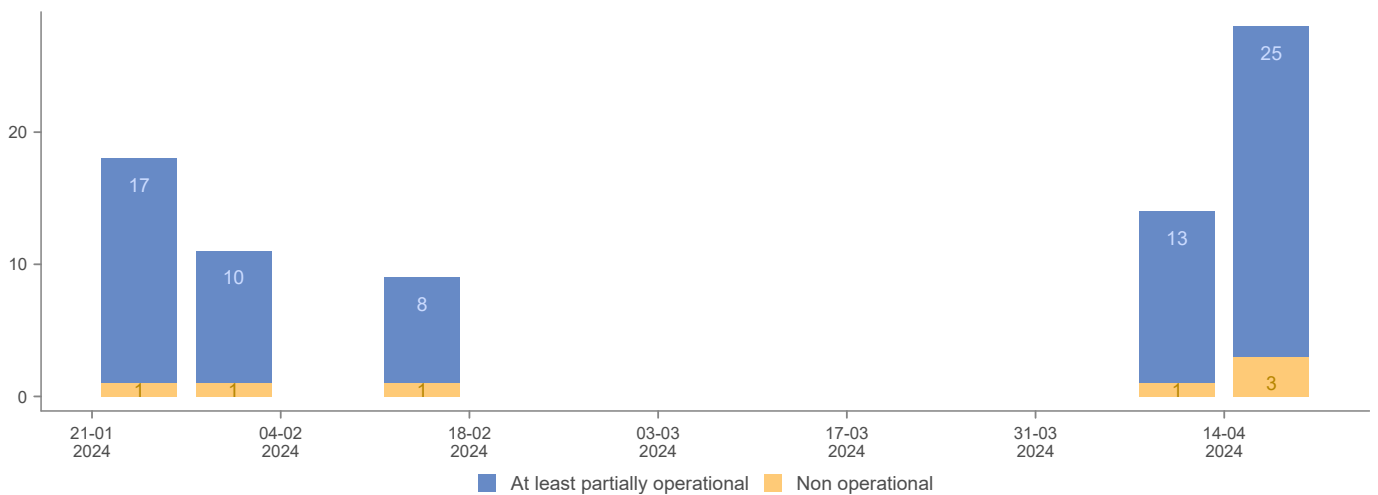
		Basic Health Service Centre		Community Health Unit		District Hospital		Health Post		Municipal/ Local level Hospital		Primary Healthcare Center		Urban Health Centre		Outreach Clinic		Total	
		0	N/O	0	N/O	0	N/O	0	N/O	0	N/O	0	N/O	0	N/O	0	N/O	0	N/O
JAJARKOT	BAREKOT RURAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
	BHERI	7	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	13	1
	CHHEDAGAD	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
	KUSHE RURAL	4	-	-	-	-	-	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	1
	NALAGAD	1	-	1	1	-	-	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	1
	TOTAL	13	-	1	1	1	-	17	1	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	35	3
RUKUM WEST	AATHBISKOT	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	8	1
	BANPHIKOT RURAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
	CHAUJAHARI	8	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	13	-
	MUSIKOT	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	SANI BHERI RURAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
	TRIVENI RURAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-
	TOTAL	10	1	1	-	1	-	15	1	1	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	32	2
SALYAN	DARMA RURAL	2	-	1	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2
	TOTAL	2	-	1	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2
GRAND TOTAL		25	1	3	2	2	-	35	3	2	-	3	-	3	-	-	1	73	7

0 = At least partially operational - N/O = Not operational

Geographic distribution of HSDUs



Date of last update*



* This analysis is based on the assessment and data collection between 20 – 30 Jan 2024 in Jajarkot district and between 1 - 8 April 2024 in Rukum West and Salyan districts.



INTERPRETATION GUIDE

Indicator status

Arc charts provide an overview of the overall status of an indicator (i.e. functionality, availability, etc.), hereafter referred to as “availability”. The total number of HSDUs included in the analysis of an indicator is shown inside the arc chart. It is important to note that the total number of HSDUs included in the analysis of an indicator can vary due to the exclusion of non-operational HSDUs from subsequent analyses ([see page 3 for details](#)). There are two numbers separated by a bar (“|”) inside the arc of the chart: on the left is the percentage of HSDUs, and on the right of the bar is the number falling into that category.



For further insights, **donut charts** break down indicator availability by HSDU type or district. To improve readability, labels indicating the availability level for each category are provided either beside or below the chart. Additionally, to highlight the percentage of HSDUs where an indicator is available up to standard, the number may also be prominently placed inside the chart. Information on the total number of HSDUs included is clearly indicated above or below the respective donut.

Column charts offer a breakdown of availability by municipality. By default, these charts exclude HSDUs where an indicator was not applicable or the HSDU did not report on it. The total number of HSDUs included in each municipality is indicated to the right of the bar.



In contrast to charts, and to highlight areas not reporting, as well as the impact of non-operational HSDUs, **maps** depict all HSDUs targeted with HeRAMS, excluding planned and closed HSDUs. Each dot corresponds to an HSDU, with the colour indicating the availability level.

Barriers

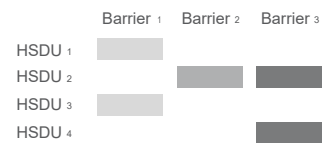
To gain a more comprehensive understanding of the challenges faced by HSDUs, whenever an indicator was not or only partially available, main barriers impeding availability were recoded. Similarly, questions on building and equipment conditions, functionality and accessibility gather information on the underlying causes for non or partially operating HSDUs.



Barrier type

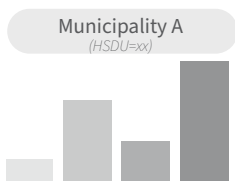
Each **donut chart** indicates the percentage of HSDUs having reported a specific barrier. The total number of HSDUs reporting at least one barrier is shown below the chart header.

Heat maps indicate the barriers that each HSDU listed face with a colored rectangle. When the rectangle is grey, the HSDU does not face this barrier.



Important: The denominator for barrier charts excludes HSDUs where the indicator is fully available or not normally provided. It should further be noted that HSDUs can report up to three barriers for each indicator. Thus, the sum of all barriers may exceed 100%.

Basic amenity types



For some basic amenities additional information on main sources or types of amenities available were collected. The analysis of basic amenities follows the same logic as barriers (see above). Types of amenities were only evaluated if the amenity was at least partially available and focal point were allowed to report up to three main sources or types.

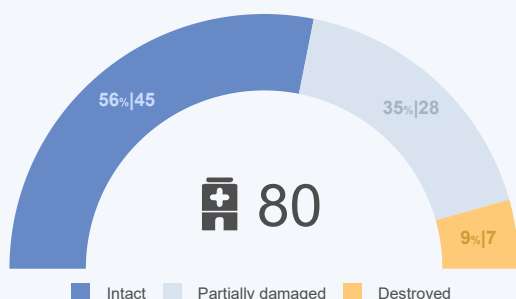
OPERATIONAL STATUS & ACCESSIBILITY





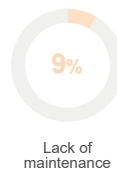
BUILDING CONDITION

Building condition ⁷

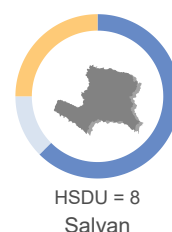
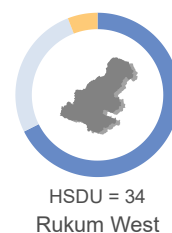
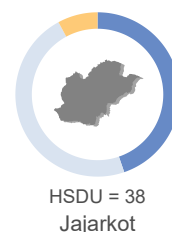
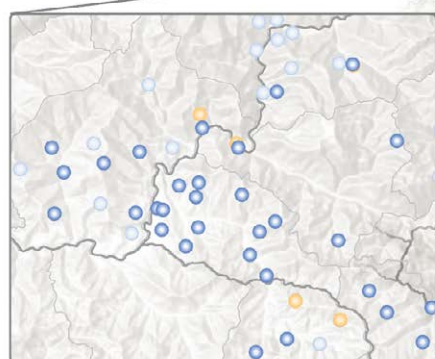


Main causes of damage

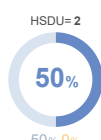
HSDU = 35



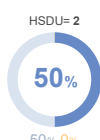
Building condition by district



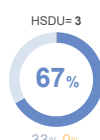
Building condition by HSDU type



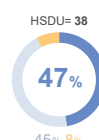
District Hospital



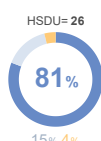
Municipal/Local level Hospital



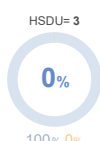
Primary Healthcare Center



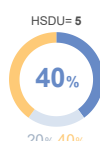
Health Post



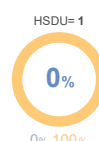
Basic Health Service Centre



Urban Health Centre



Community Health Unit



Outreach Clinic

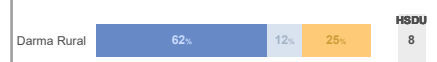
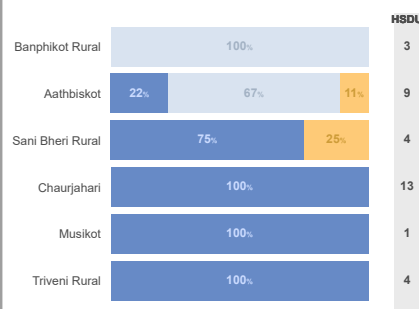
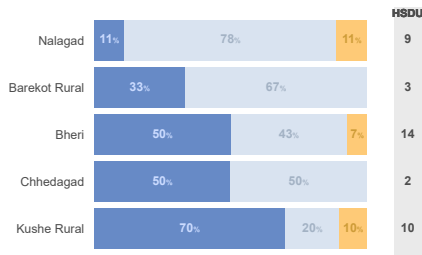
⁷ Refers to the HSDU's building such as walls, foundations, roof, windows, etc. It further includes connection to accessory infrastructure relevant to provide essential health services (e.g., sewerage, water tank). Minor maintenance issues not impacting the HSDU's ability to provide services (e.g., flaking paint) are not considered.

Jajarkot

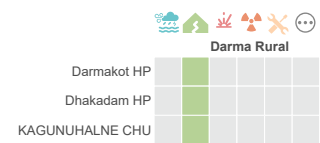
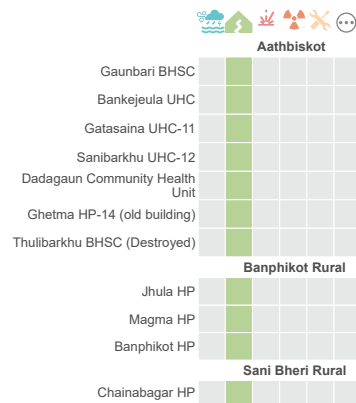
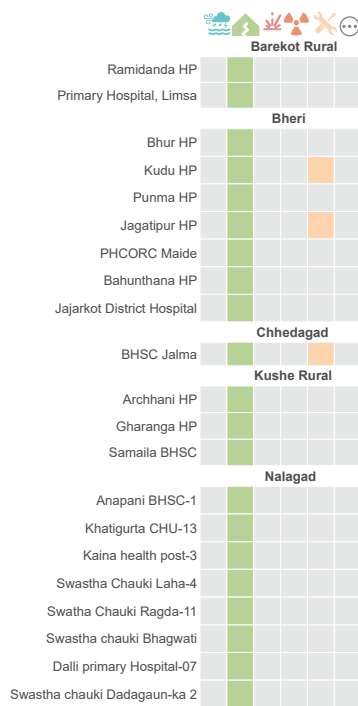
Rukum West

Salyan

Building condition by municipality



Main causes of damage by municipality and HSDU

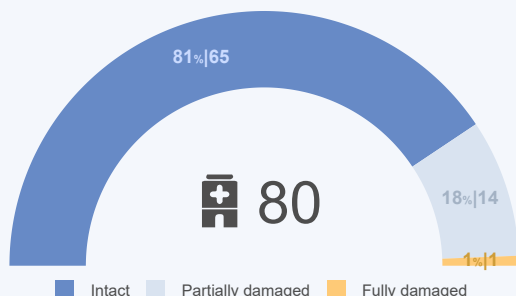


-  Meteorological and hydrological event
-  Jajarkot earthquake 2023
-  Insecurity
-  Industrial incidents
-  Lack of maintenance
-  Other



EQUIPMENT CONDITION

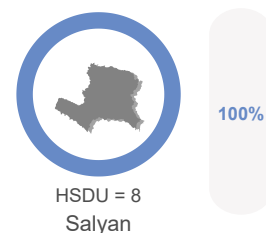
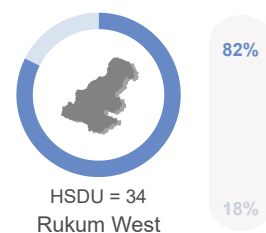
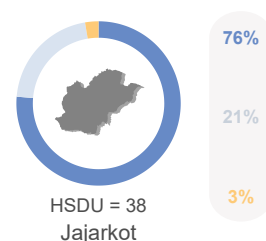
Equipment condition ⁸



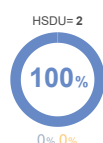
Main causes of damage



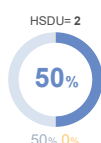
Equipment condition by district



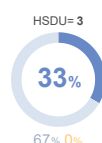
Equipment condition by HSDU type



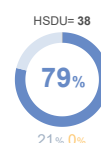
District Hospital



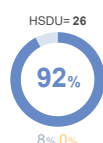
Municipal/Local level Hospital



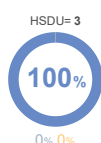
Primary Healthcare Center



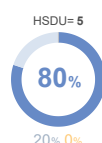
Health Post



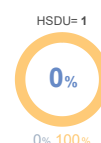
Basic Health Service Centre



Urban Health Centre



Community Health Unit



Outreach Clinic

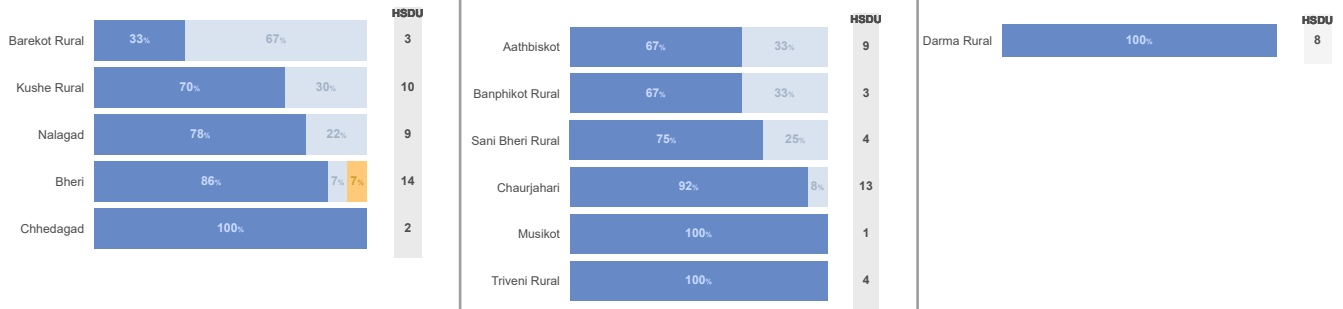
⁸ Refers to medical and otherwise critical equipment required by the HSDU to provide essential health services. Non-essential equipment not impacting the HSDU's ability to provide services as well as consumable and medicine are not considered here.

Jajarkot

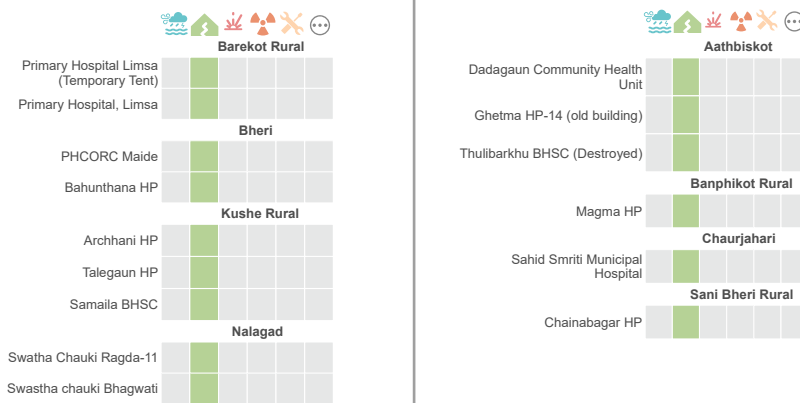
Rukum West

Salyan

Equipment condition by municipality



Main causes of damage by municipality and HSDU



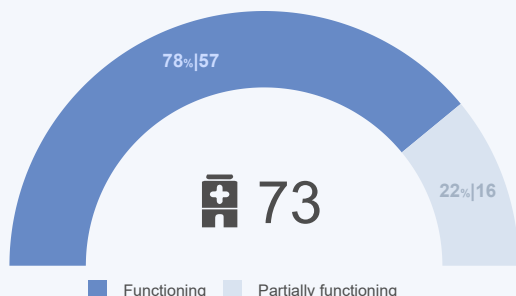
No barriers reported

-  Meteorological and hydrological event
-  Jajarkot earthquake 2023
-  Insecurity
-  Industrial incidents
-  Lack of maintenance
-  Other

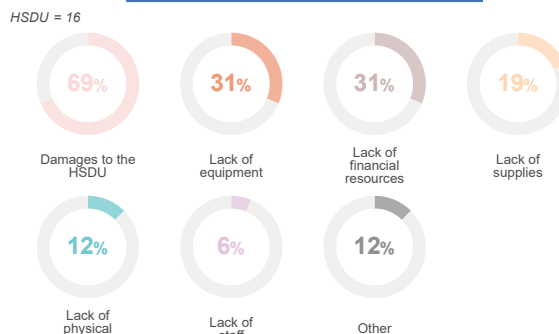


FUNCTIONALITY

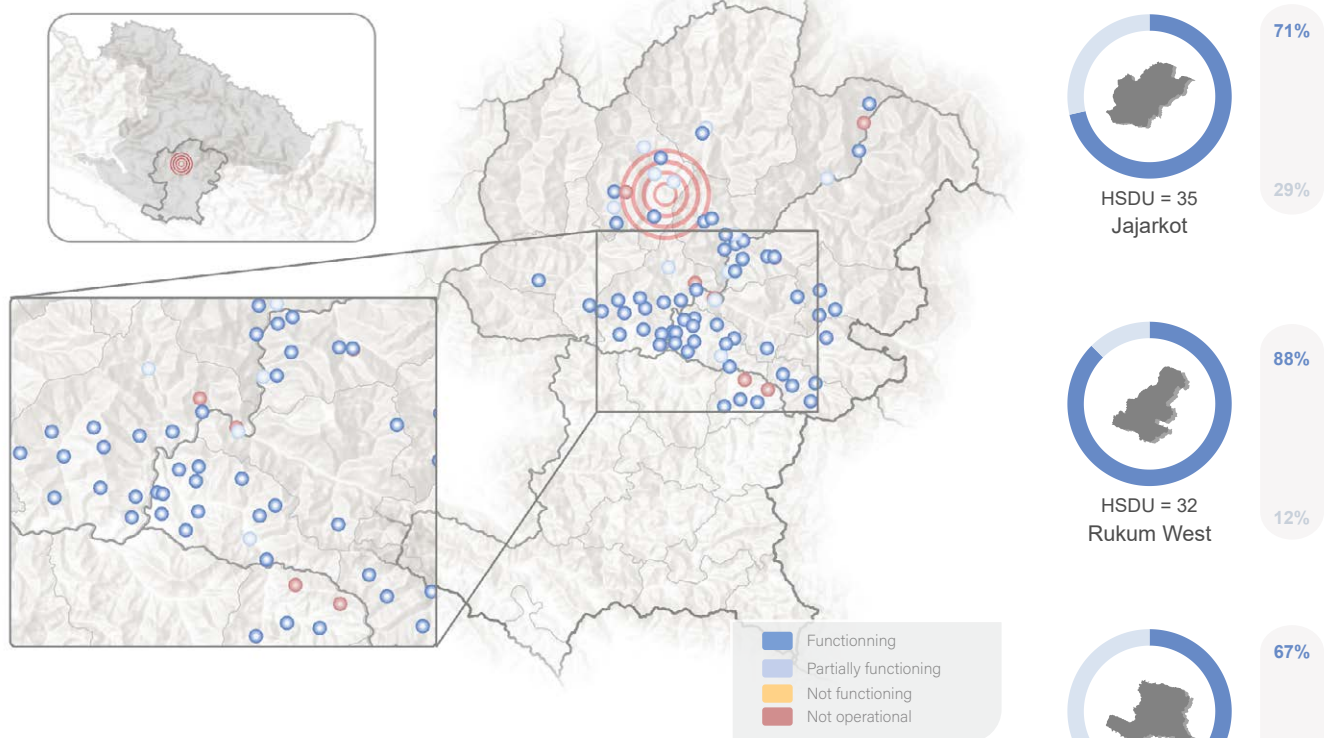
Functionality⁹



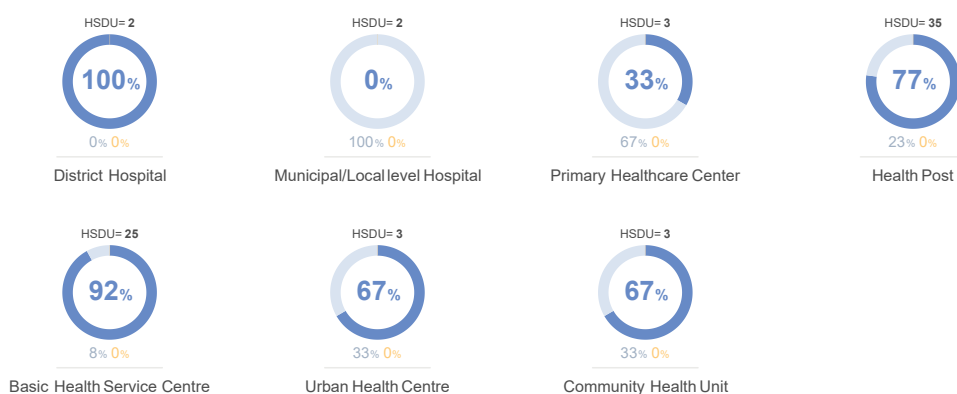
Main causes of dysfunctionality



Functionality by district

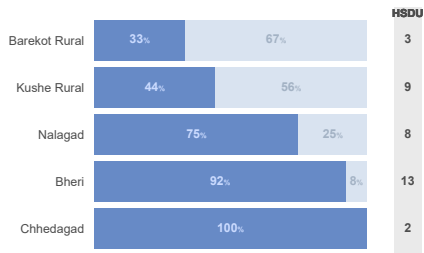


Functionality by HSDU type



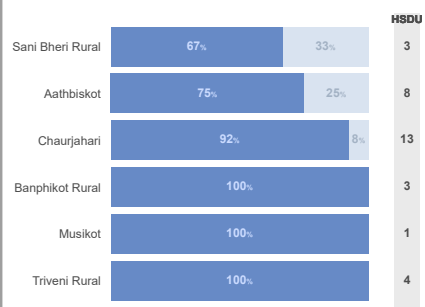
⁹ Assesses the HSDU's overall ability to operate as expected. A fully functioning HSDU is characterized through the absence of systemic or major issues. The HSDU operates as expected and is able to provide the full range of expected services.

Jajarkot



Rukum West

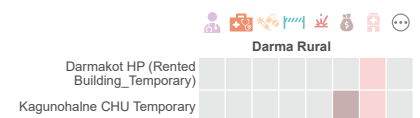
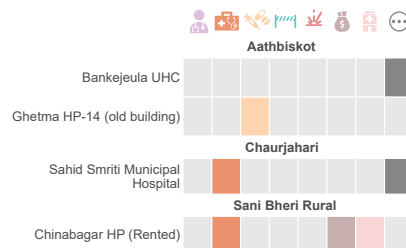
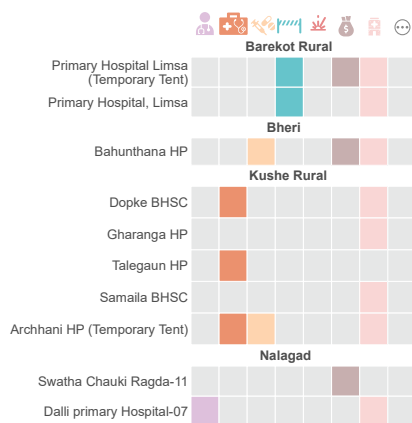
Functionality by municipality



Salyan



Main causes of dysfunctionality by municipality and HSDU

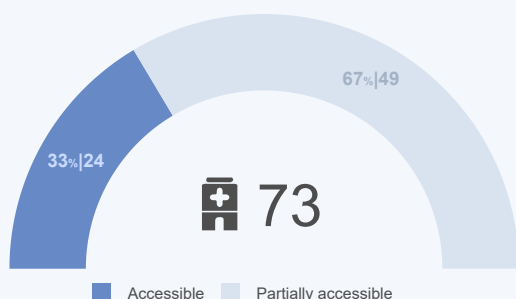


-  Lack of staff
-  Lack of equipment
-  Lack of supplies
-  Lack of physical access
-  Insecurity
-  Lack of financial resources
-  Damages to the HSDU
-  Other

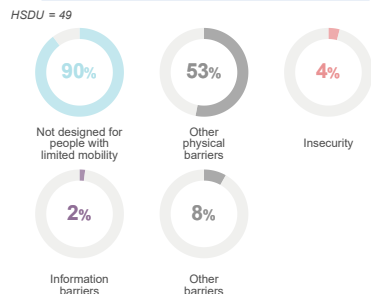


ACCESSIBILITY

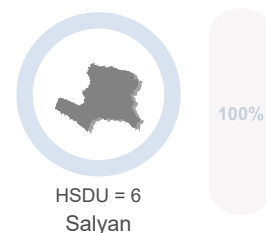
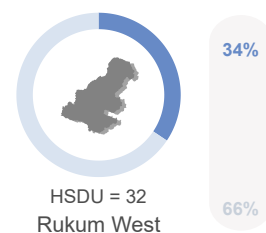
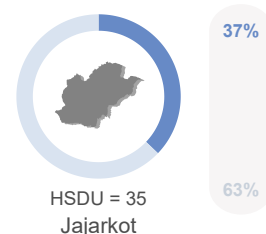
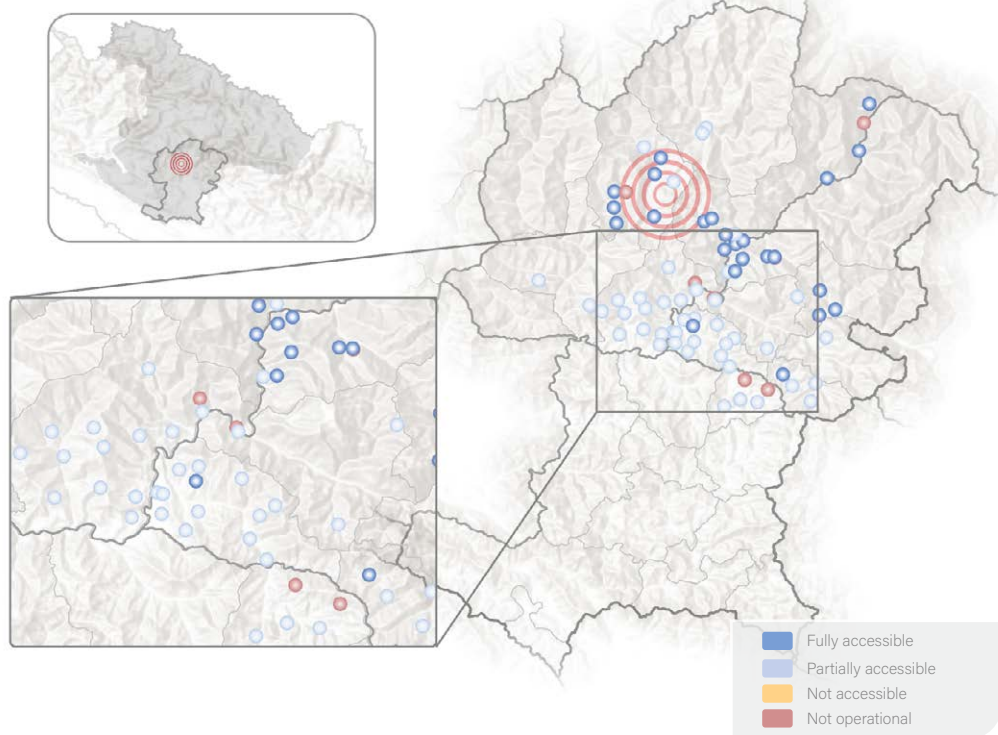
Accessibility¹⁰



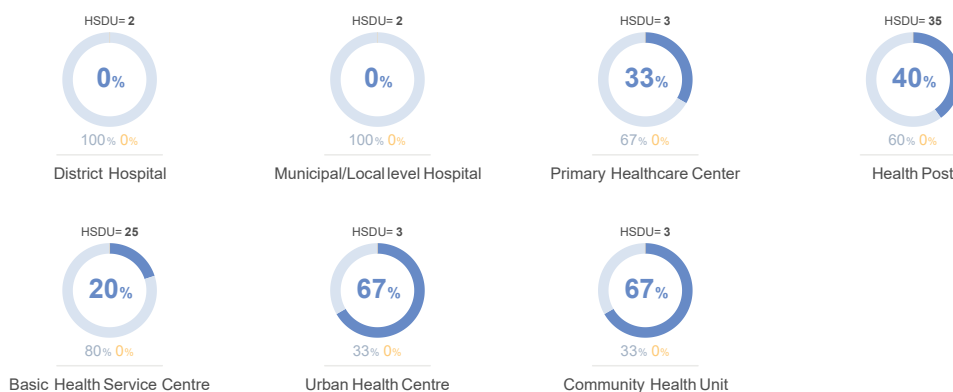
Main causes of inaccessibility



Accessibility by district

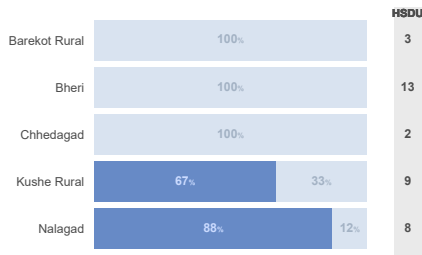


Accessibility by HSDU type



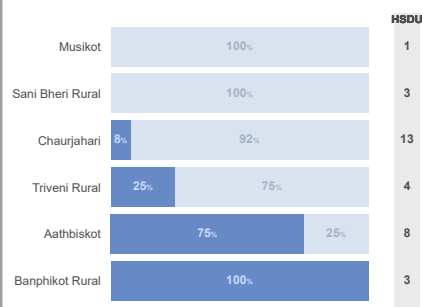
¹⁰ Ability of patients to access essential health services and includes both physical as well as socio-economic and cultural constraints.

Jajarkot

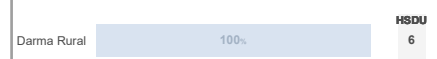


Rukum West

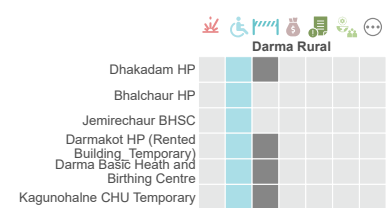
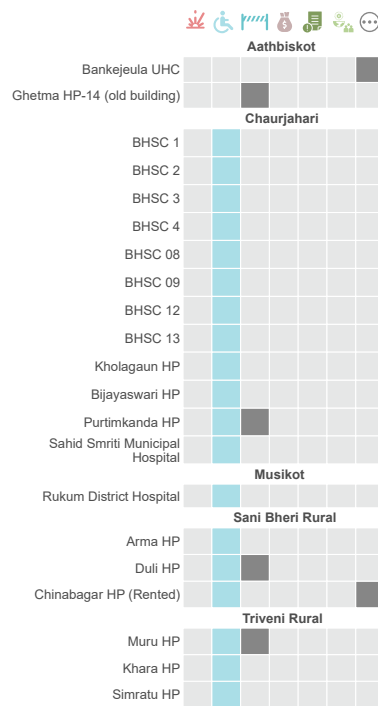
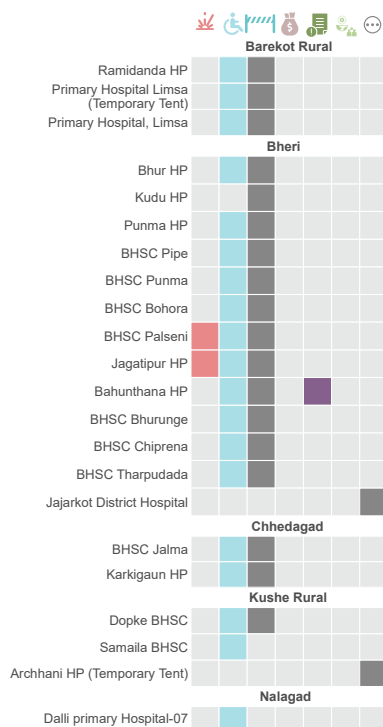
Accessibility by municipality



Salyan



Main causes of inaccessibility by municipality and HSDU

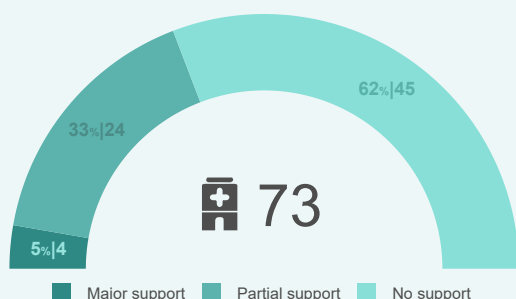


-  Insecurity
-  Not designed for people with limited mobility
-  Other physical barriers
-  Financial barriers such as user-fees
-  Information barriers
-  Acceptability constraints
-  Other barriers

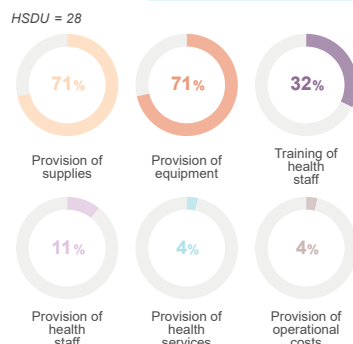


PARTNER SUPPORT

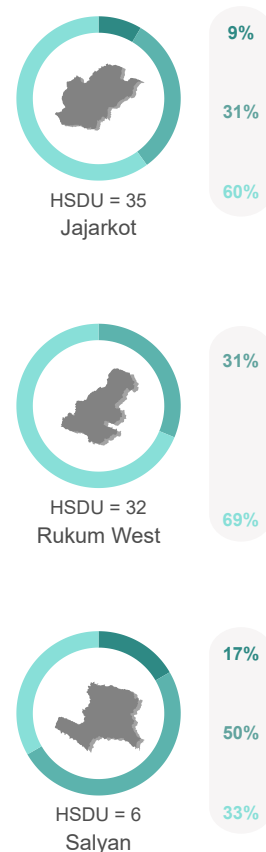
Level of support provided by partners ¹¹



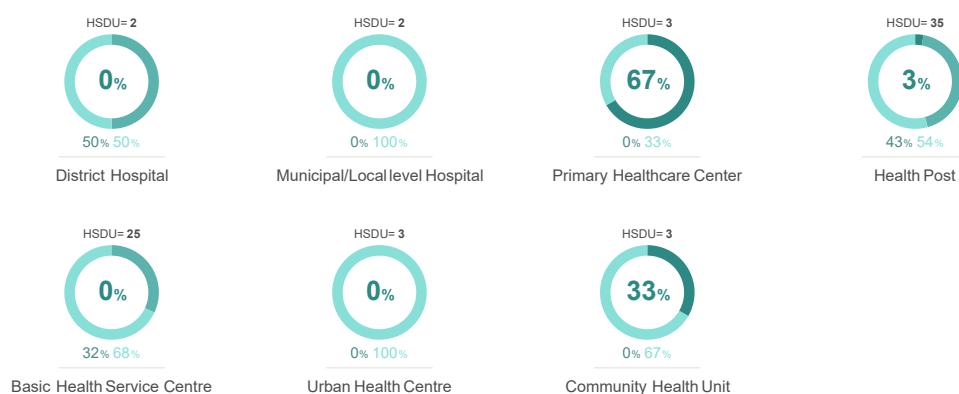
Main types of support received by health facilities



Level of support provided by partners by district



Level of support provided by partners by HSDU type



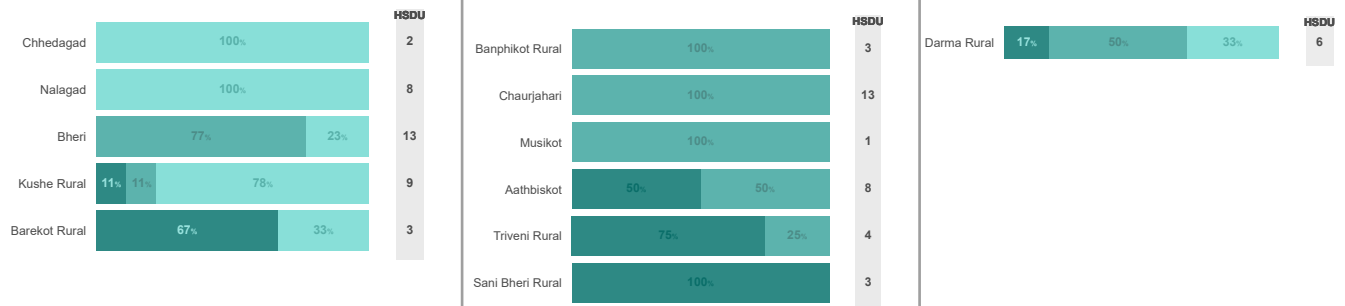
¹¹ Level of support provided by external partners. Major support indicates that an HSDU is unable to operate without the contribution made by partner(s).

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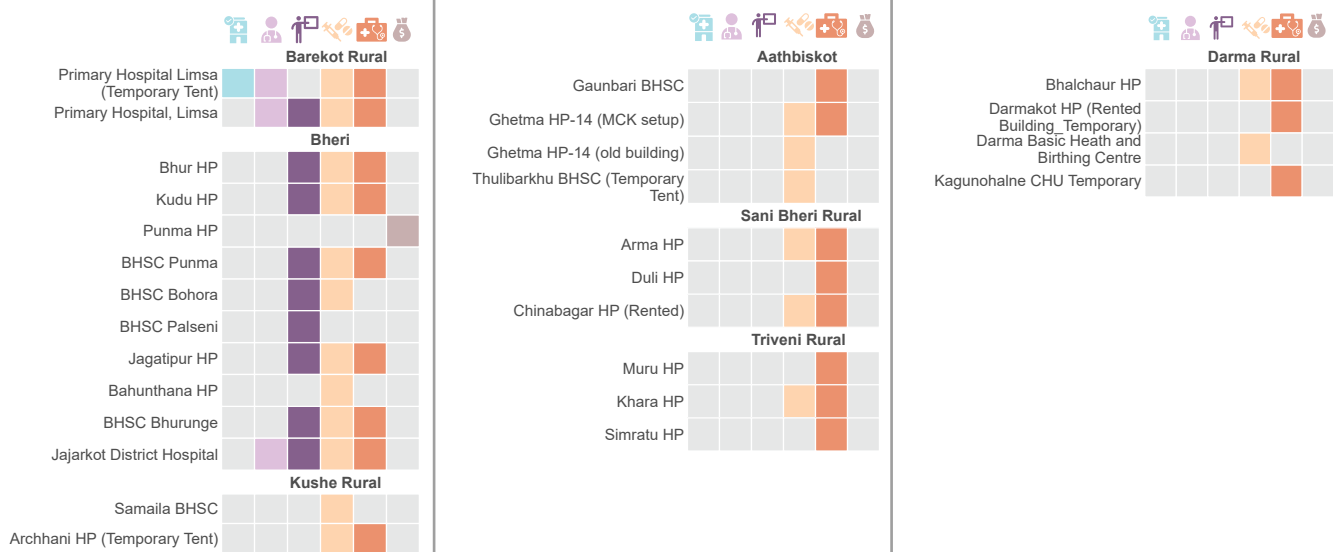
Rukum West

Salyan

Level of support provided by partners by municipality



Main types of support received by health facilities by municipality and HSDU

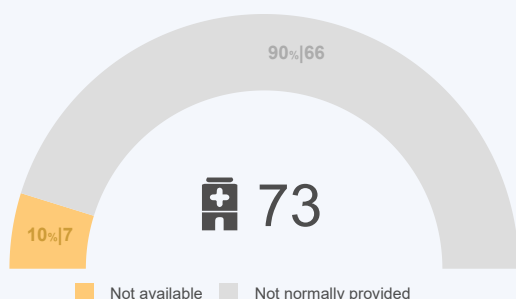




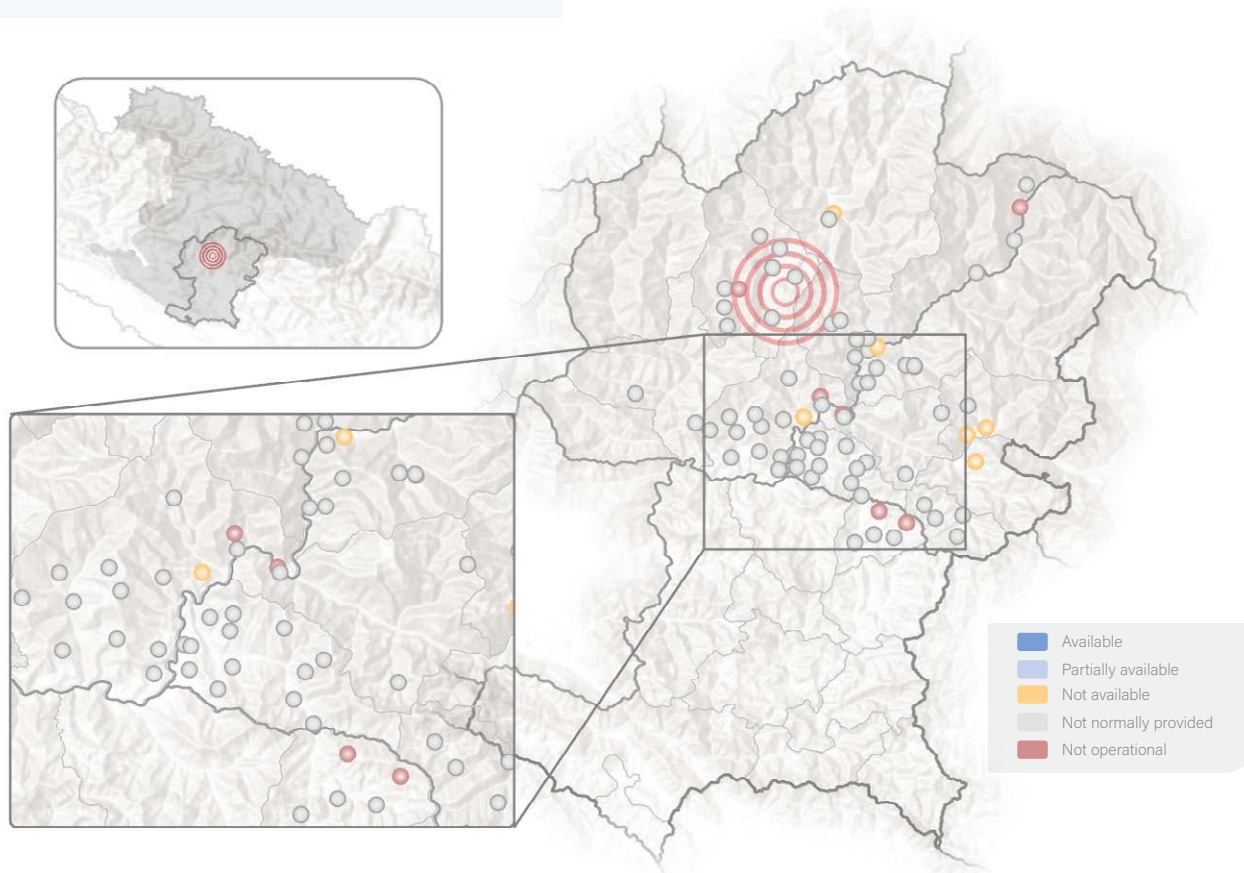
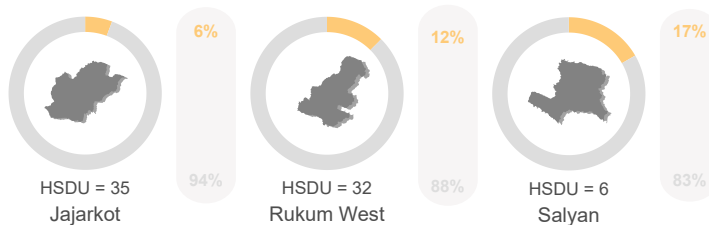
INPATIENT BED CAPACITY

Intensive care unit beds

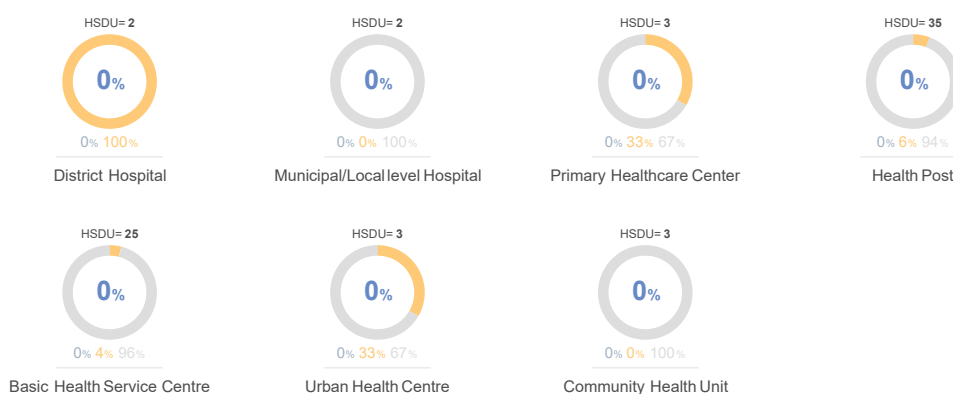
Availability of ICU beds¹²



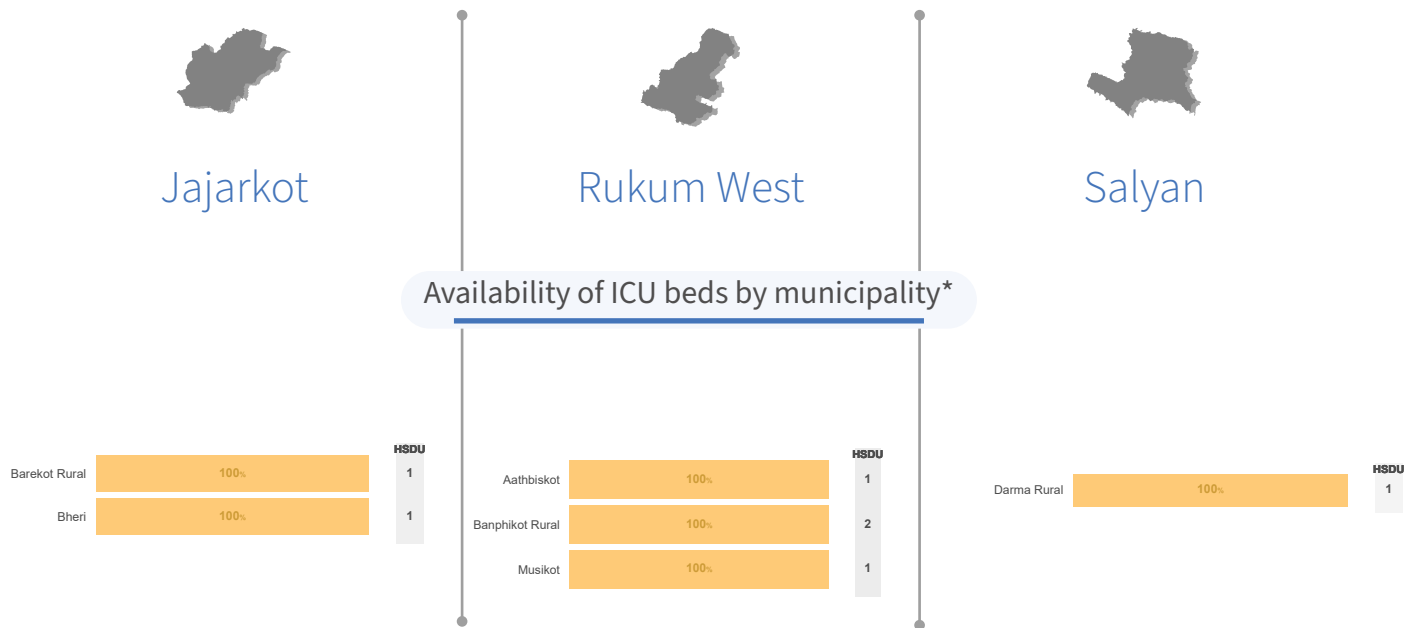
Availability of ICU beds by district



Availability of ICU beds by HSDU type



¹² Availability of sufficient, functioning Intensive Care Unit (ICU) beds to meet the HSDUs demands. This include availability of relevant equipment, supplies and human resources to manage patient load.

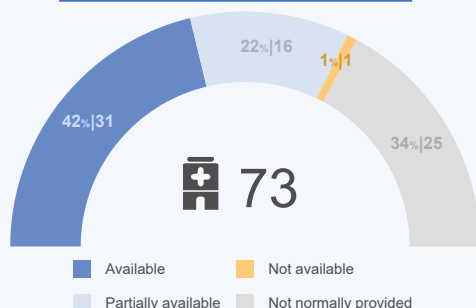


* HSDUs that did not report any data or that do not normally provide the service are excluded from the analysis.

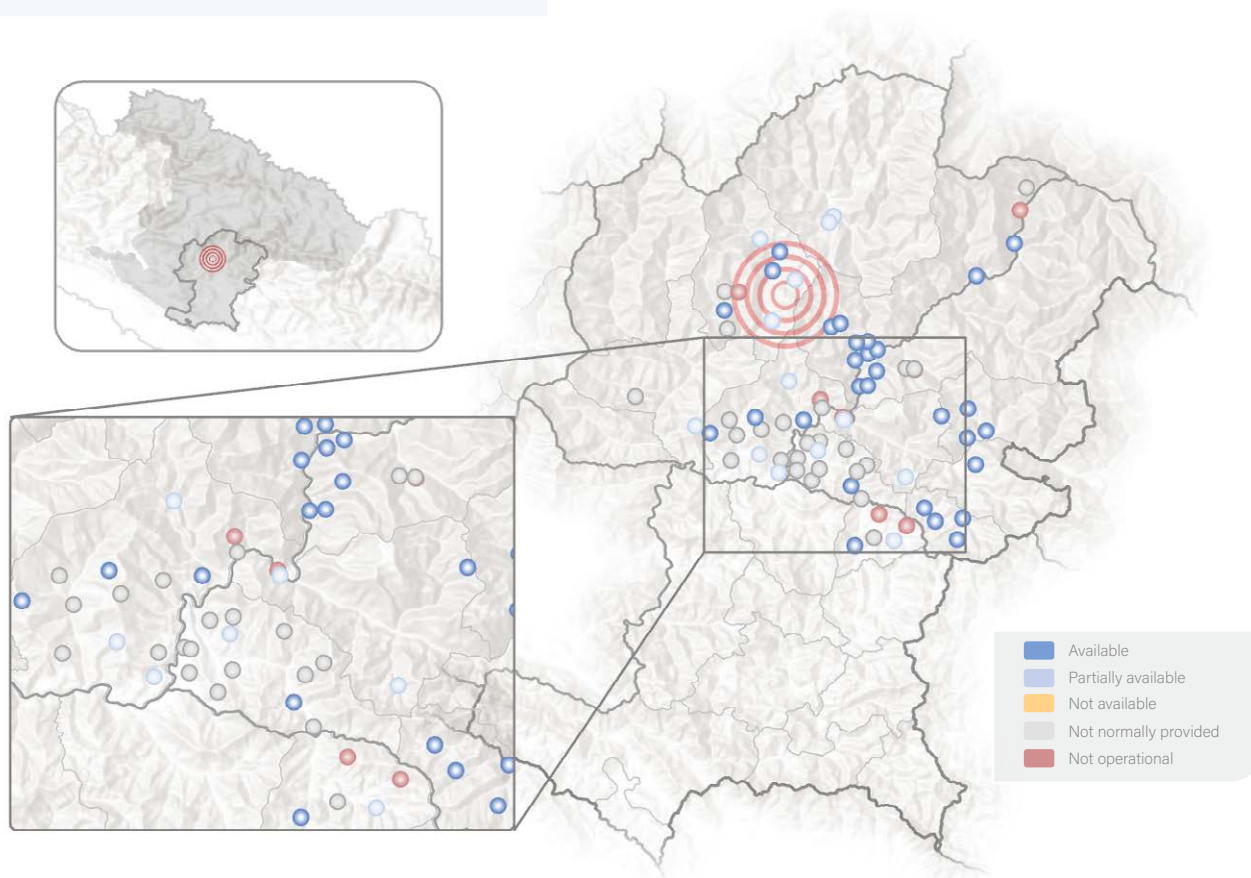
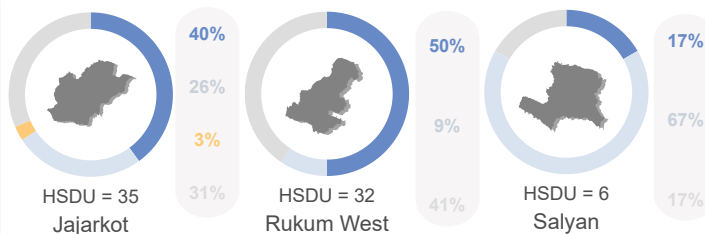


Maternity beds

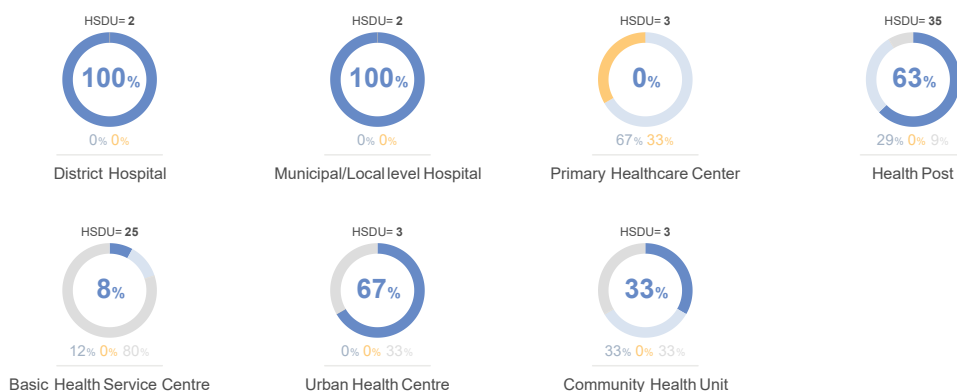
Availability of maternity beds ¹³



Availability of maternity beds by district



Availability of maternity beds by HSDU type



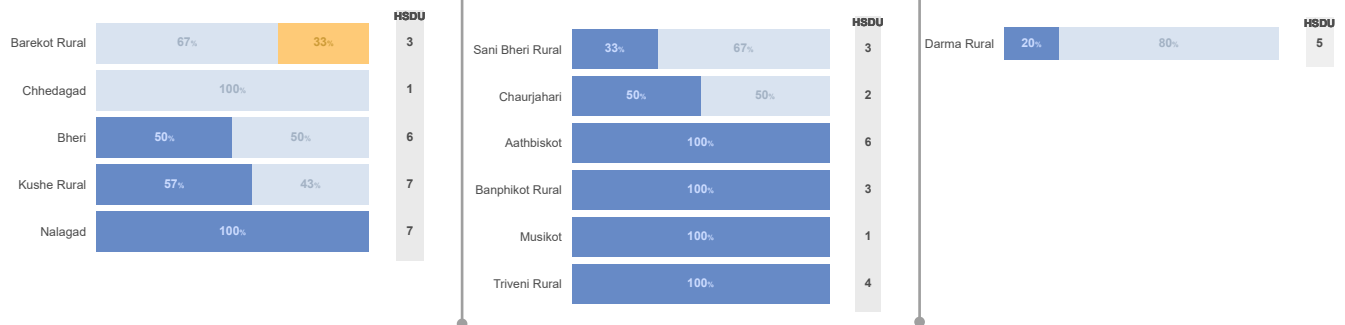
¹³ Availability of sufficient, functioning maternity beds to meet the HSDUs demands. This include availability of relevant equipment, supplies and human resources to manage patient load.

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Rukum West

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Availability of maternity beds by municipality*

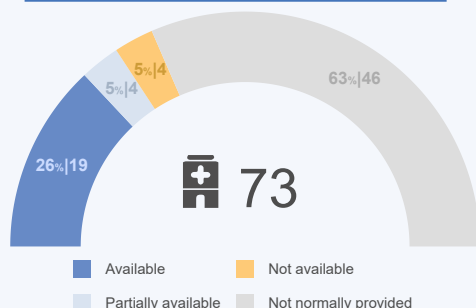


* HSDUs that did not report any data or that do not normally provide the service are excluded from the analysis.

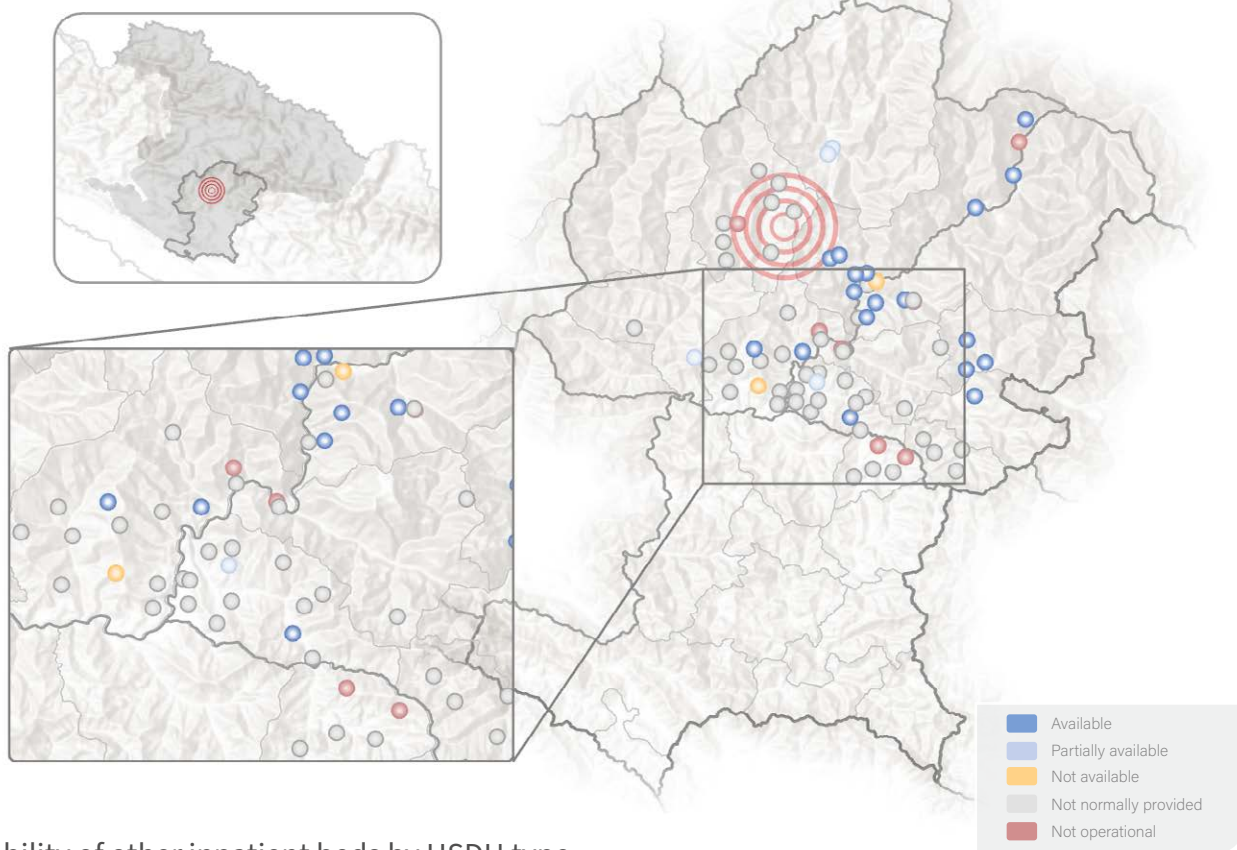
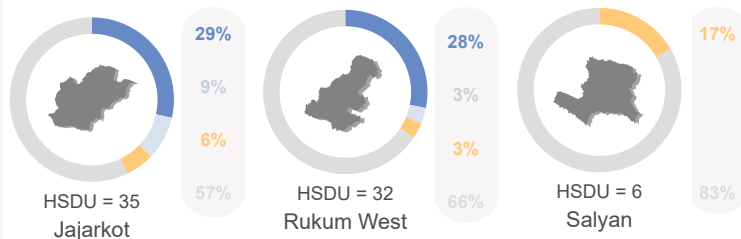


Other beds

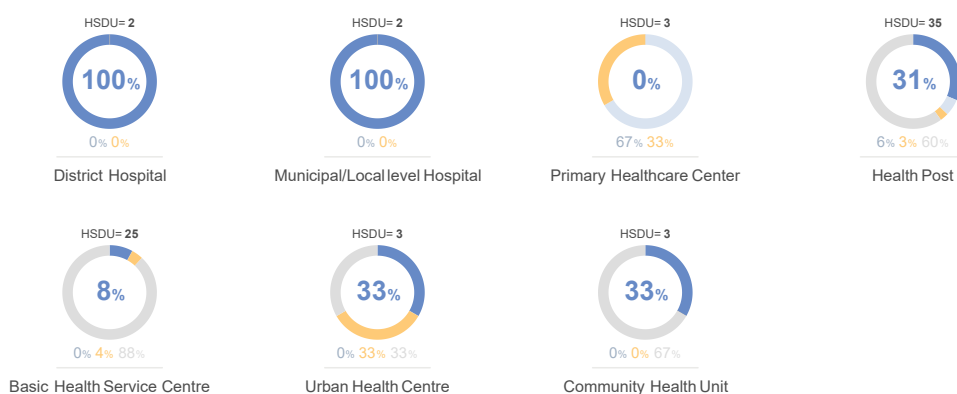
Availability of other inpatient beds ¹⁴



Availability of other inpatient beds by district



Availability of other inpatient beds by HSDU type



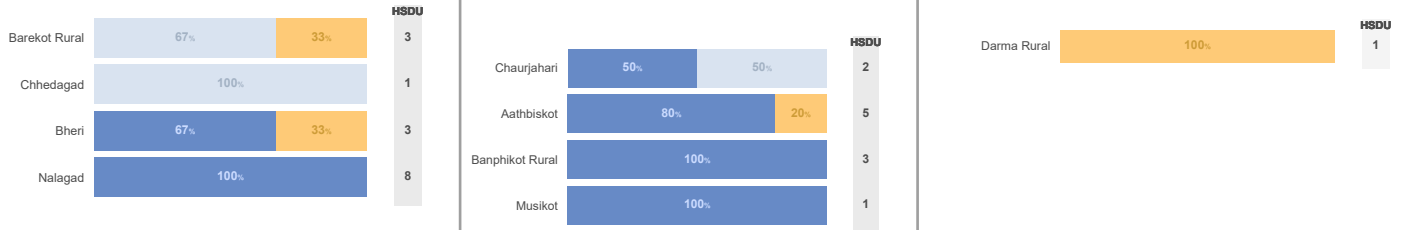
¹⁴ Availability of sufficient, functioning ICU beds to meet the HSDUs demands. This include availability of relevant equipment, supplies and human resources to manage patient load.

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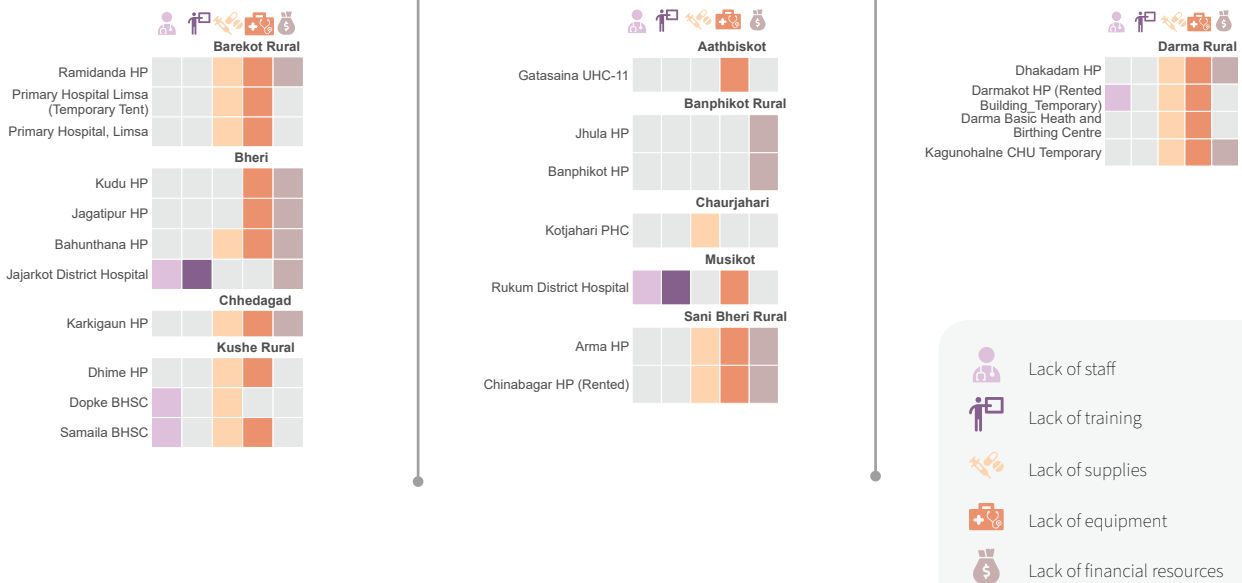
Rukum West

Salyan

Availability of other inpatient beds by municipality*



Barriers impeding inpatient bed capacity**



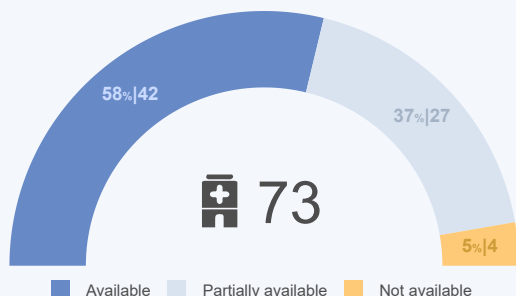
* HSDUs that did not report any data or that do not normally provide the service are excluded from the analysis.

** Graphs includes the barriers for all inpatient bed categories



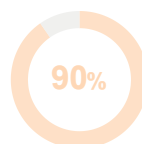
WATER

Water availability¹⁵

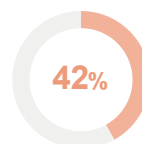


Main reasons of unavailability

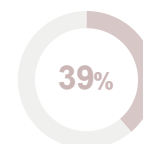
HSDU = 31



Lack of supplies

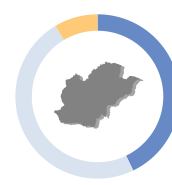
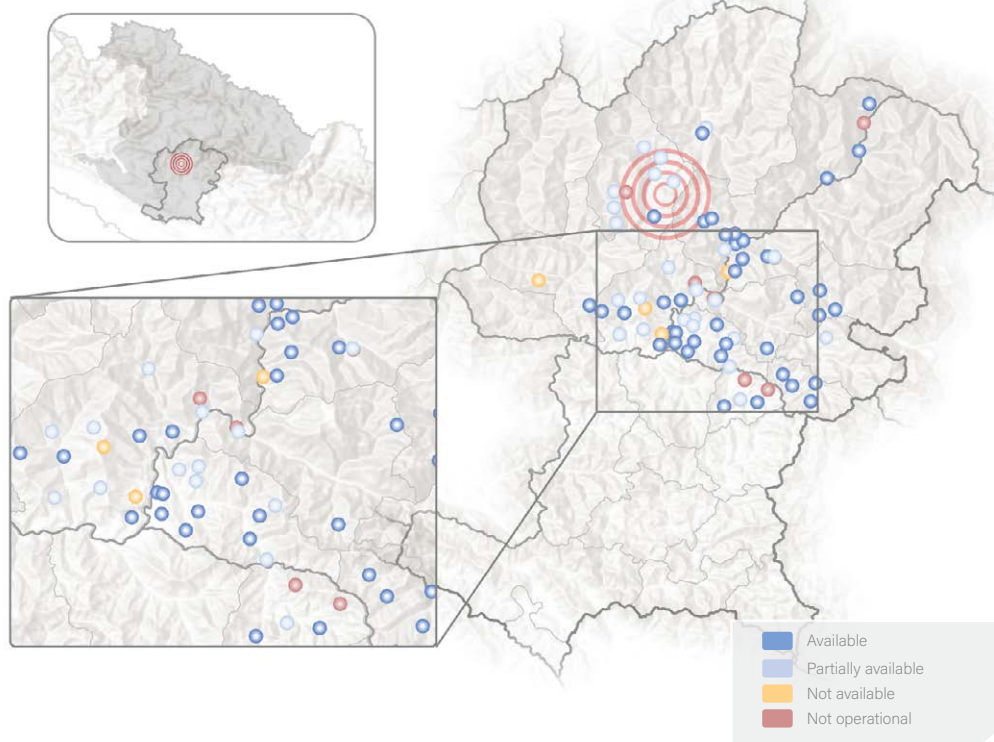


Lack of equipment

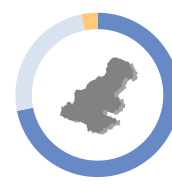


Lack of financial resources

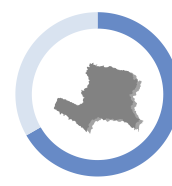
Water availability by district



HSDU = 35
Jajarkot

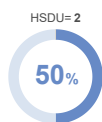


HSDU = 32
Rukum West

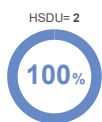


HSDU = 6
Salyan

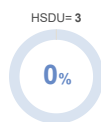
Water availability by HSDU type



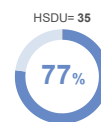
District Hospital



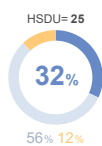
Municipal/Local level Hospital



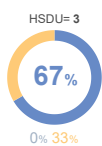
Primary Healthcare Center



Health Post



Basic Health Service Centre



Urban Health Centre



Community Health Unit

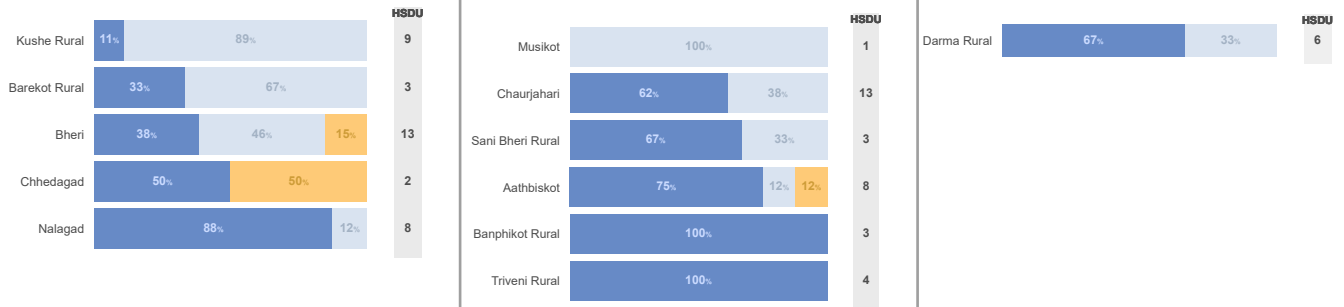
¹⁵ Availability of sufficient, reliable and safe water to meet the HSDUs daily demand. Water is considered "available" with available in sufficient quantities and qualities and comes from improved water sources or is treated on-site following national guidelines. Improved water sources include e.g., running water, tube or boreholes, protected wells, protected springs, rainwater, and bottled or distributed water.

Jajarkot

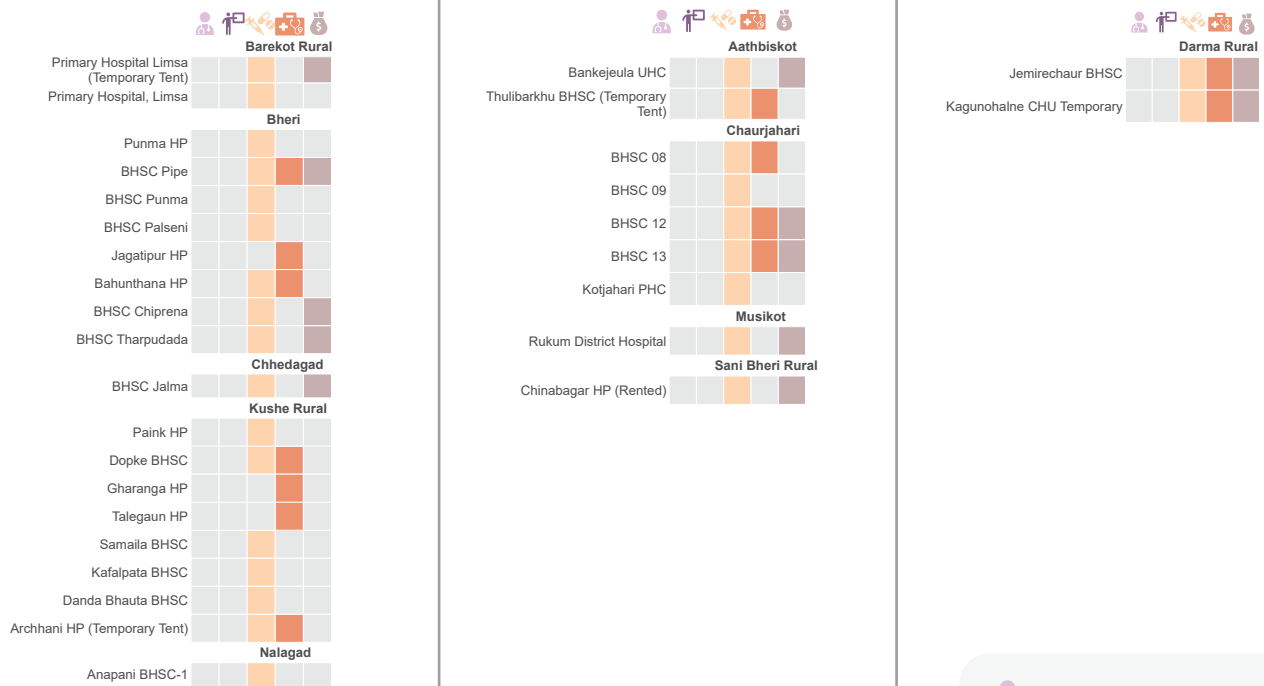
Rukum West

Salyan

Water availability by municipality



Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU

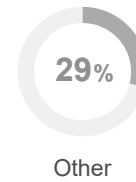
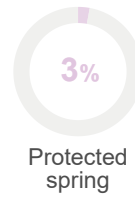
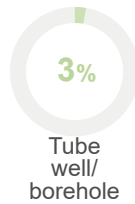
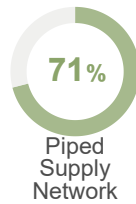


-  Lack of staff
-  Lack of staff training
-  Lack of supplies
-  Lack of equipment
-  Lack of financial resources

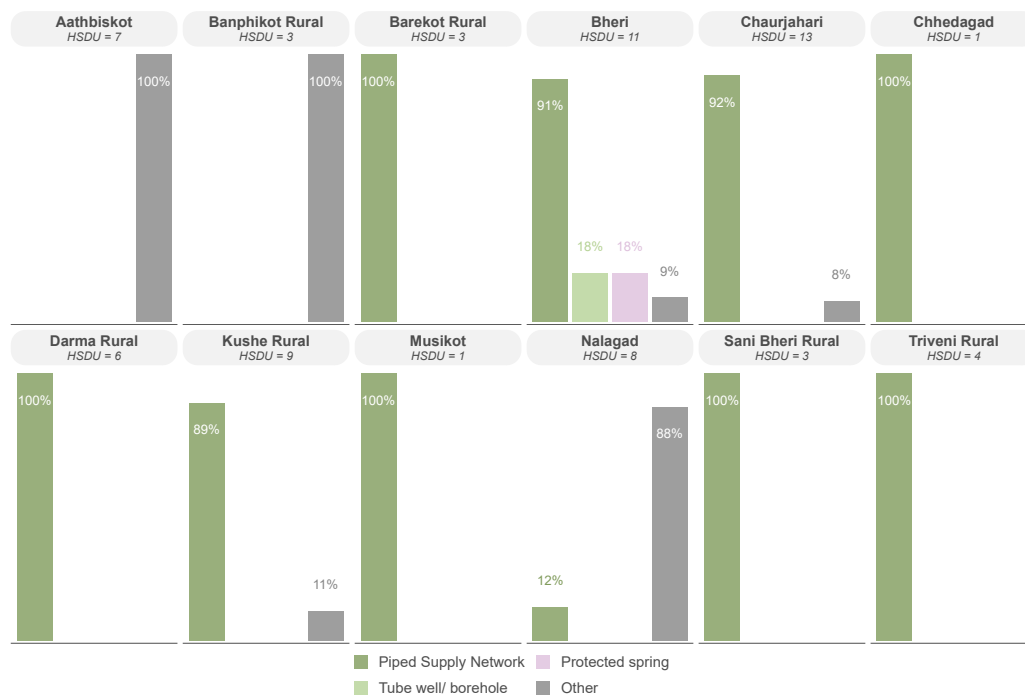


Main water sources

HSDU = 69



Main water sources by municipality

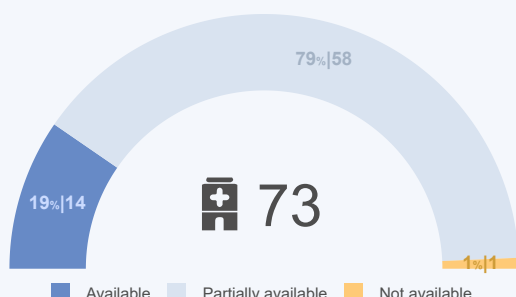






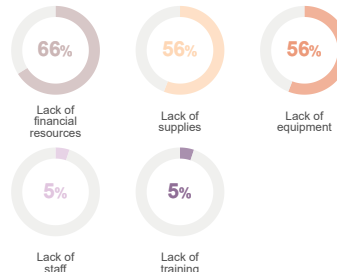
SANITATION FACILITIES

Availability of sanitation facilities ¹⁶

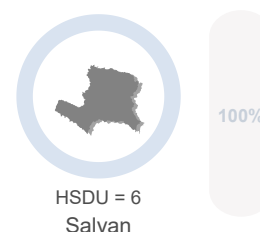
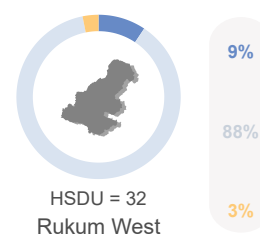
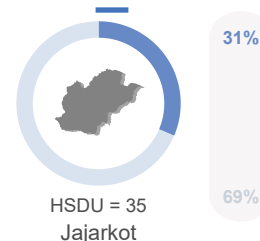
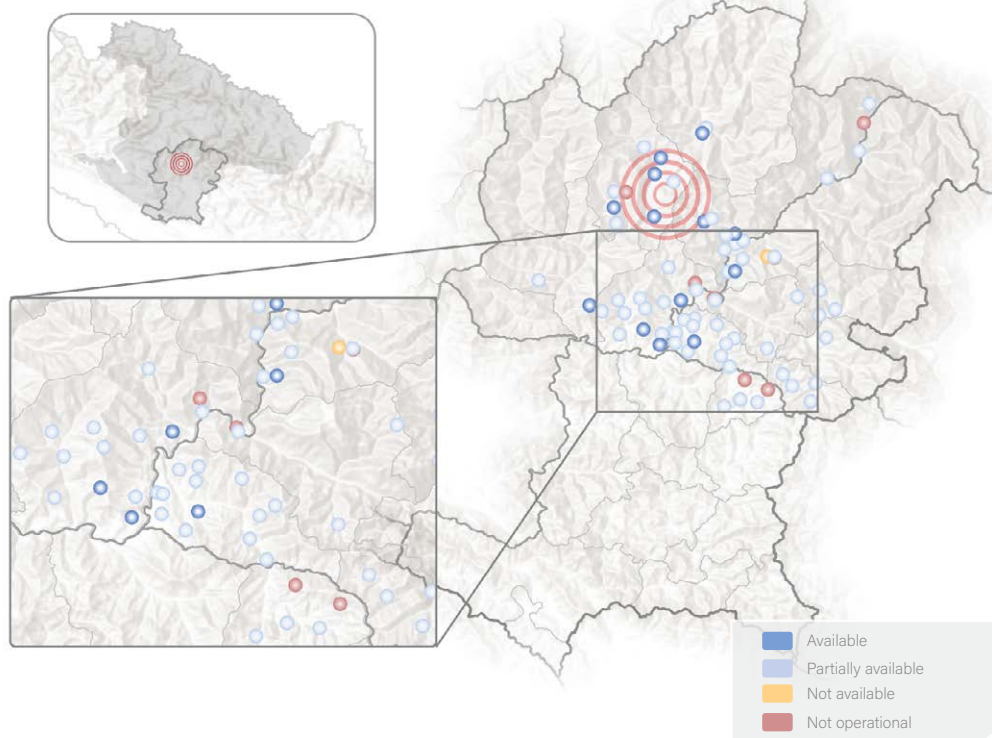


Main reasons of unavailability

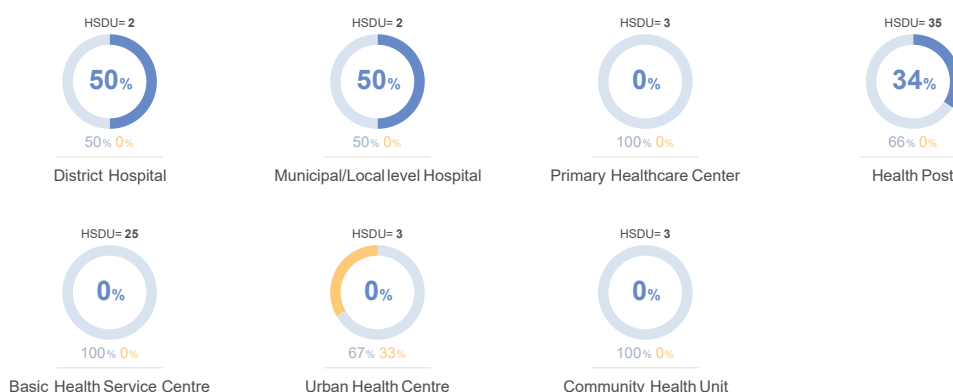
HSDU = 59



Availability of sanitation facilities by district



Availability of sanitation facilities by HSDU type



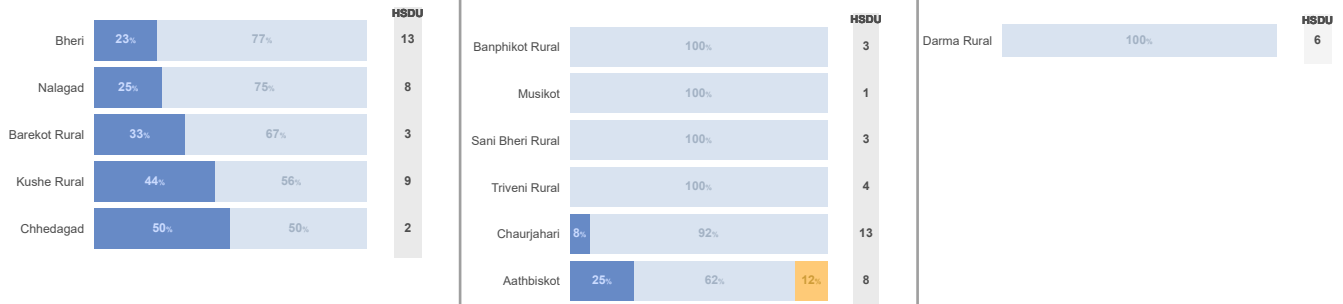
¹⁶ Availability of sufficient improved and usable sanitation facilities with at least one toilet dedicated for staff, at least one sex-separated toilet with menstrual hygiene facilities, and at least one toilet accessible for users with limited mobility. Improved sanitation facilities include: flush/pour flush to piped sewer system, septic tanks or pit latrines; ventilated improved pit latrines, composting toilets or pit latrines with slabs.

Jajarkot

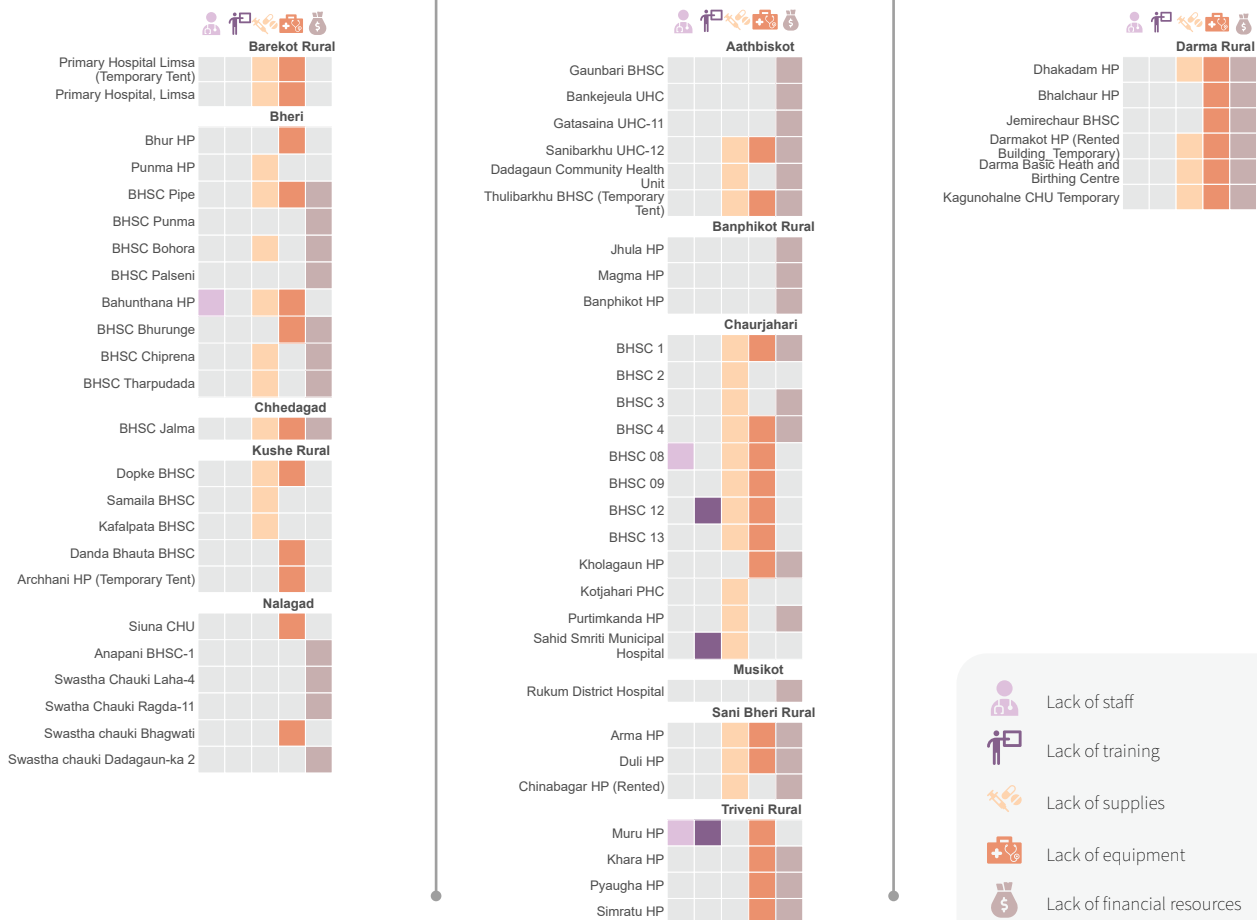
Rukum West

Salyan

Availability of sanitation facilities by municipality

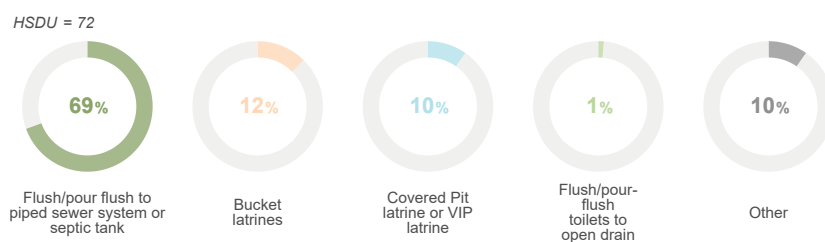


Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU

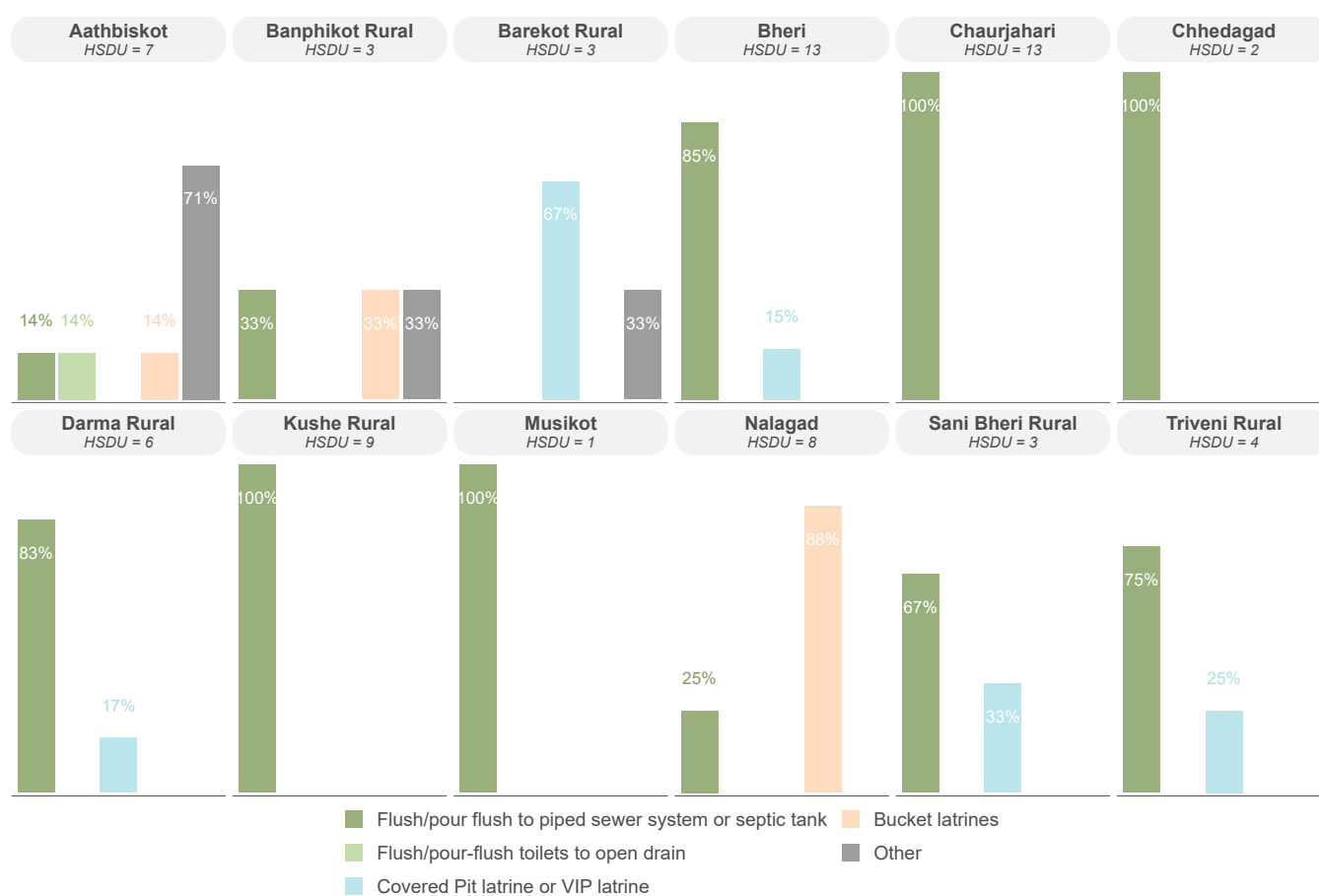




Types of sanitation facilities

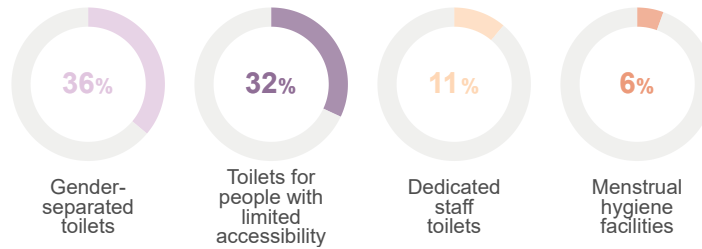


Types of sanitation facilities by municipality

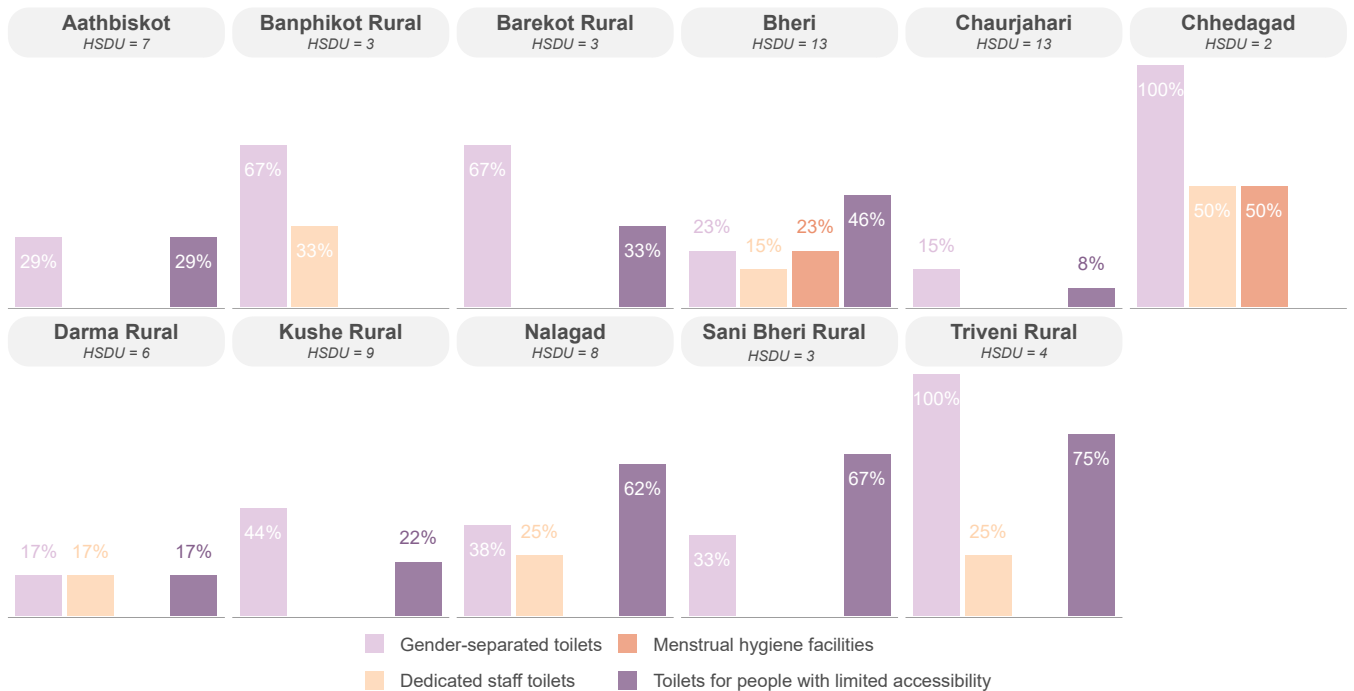


Sanitation facility accessibility

HSDU = 72



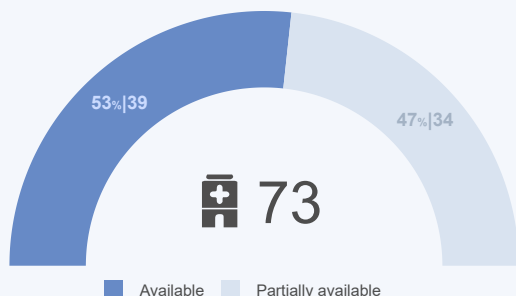
Sanitation facility accessibility by municipality



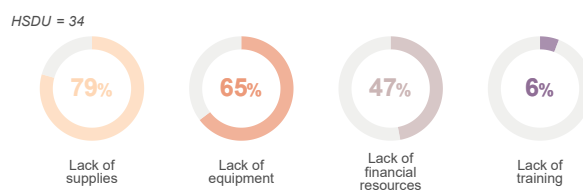


HAND-HYGIENE FACILITIES

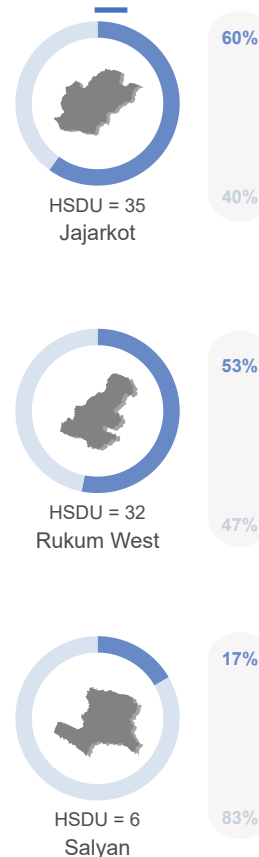
Availability of hand-hygiene facilities¹⁷



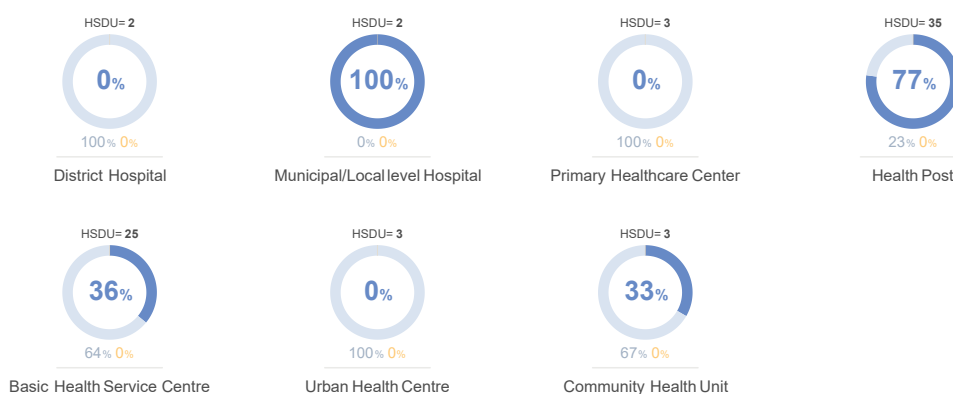
Main reasons of unavailability



Availability of hand-hygiene facilities by district



Availability of hand-hygiene facilities by HSDU type



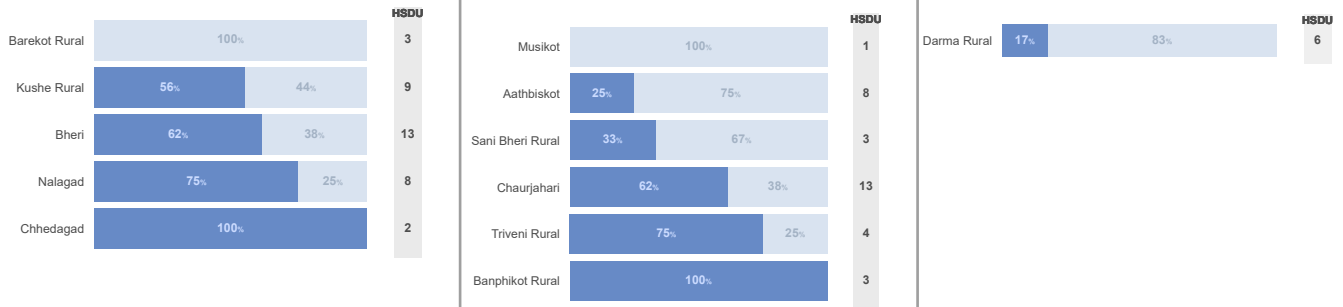
¹⁷ Availability of functioning hand-hygiene facilities at all critical locations within the HSDU, including required supplies such as water, soap and AHBR. All staff have complete training in proper hand hygiene practices.

Jajarkot

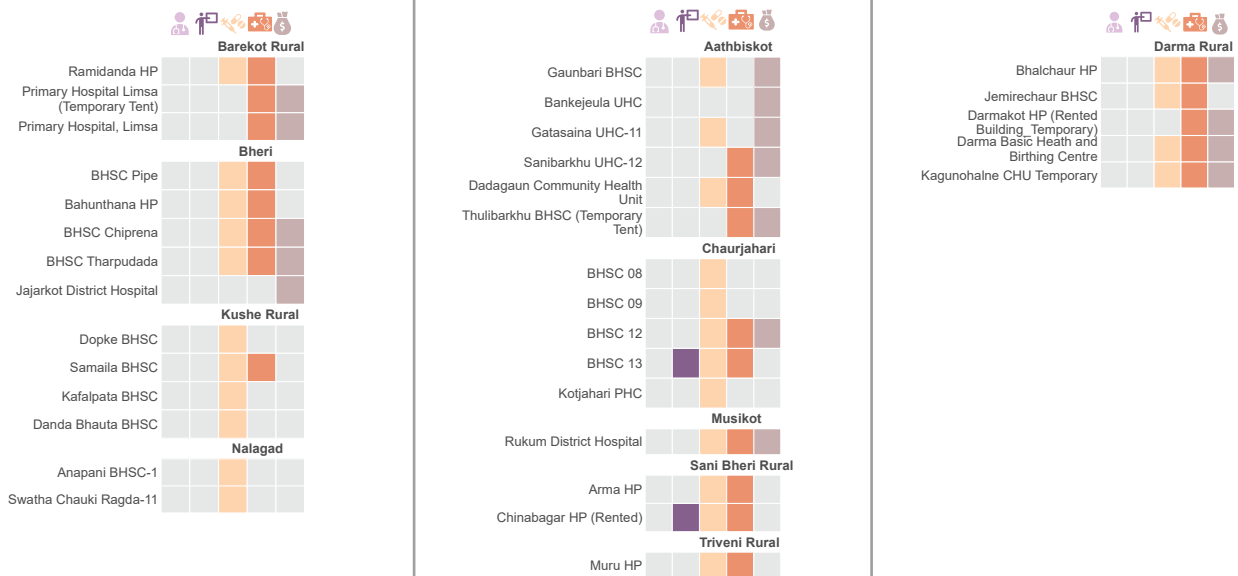
Rukum West

Salyan

Availability of hand-hygiene facilities by municipality



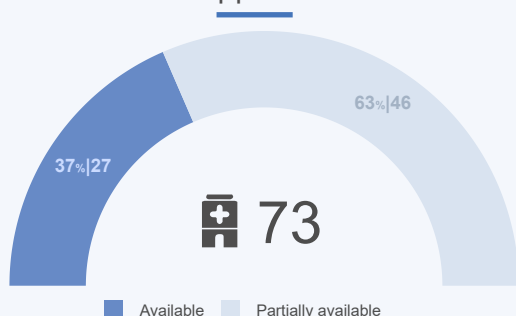
Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU





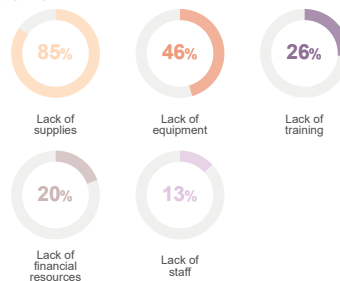
CLEANING EQUIPMENT

Availability of cleaning equipment and supplies¹⁸

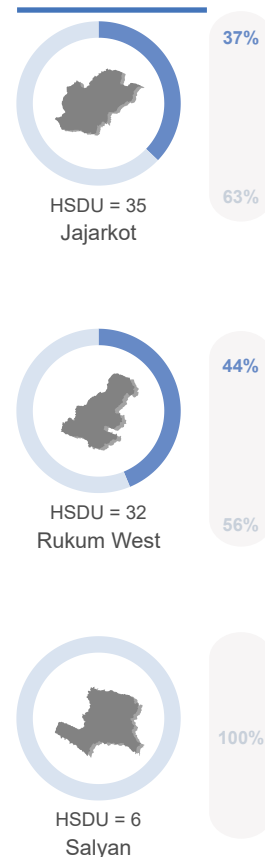


Main reasons of unavailability

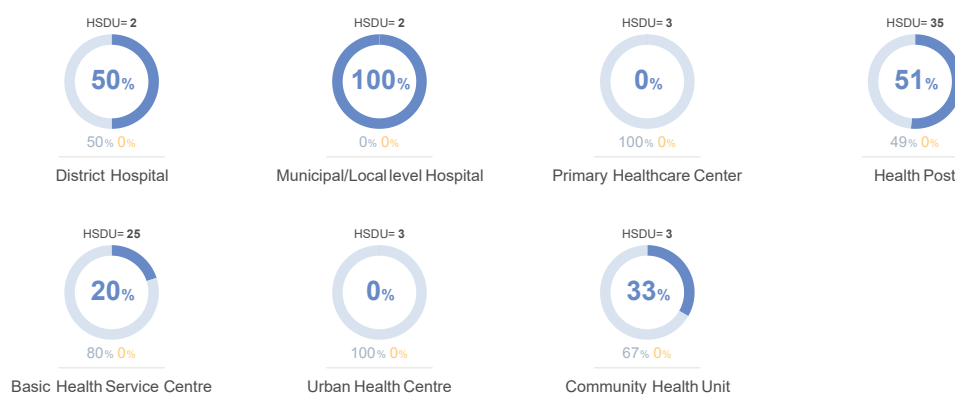
HSDU = 46



Availability of cleaning equipment and supplies by district



Availability of cleaning equipment and supplies by HSDU type



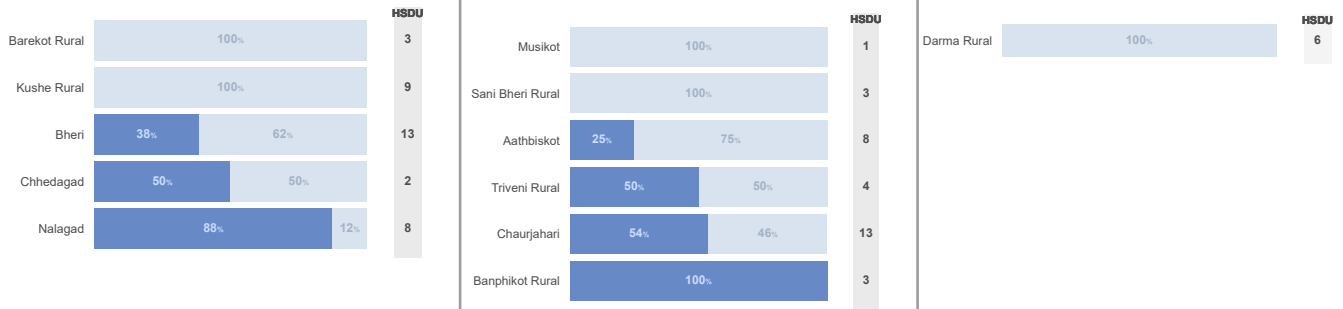
¹⁸ The availability of means to ensure proper environmental cleaning in accordance with national guidelines. This includes the availability of sufficient resources (including equipment, supplies, and human resources), availability of cleaning protocols, and that staff has been adequately trained.

Jajarkot

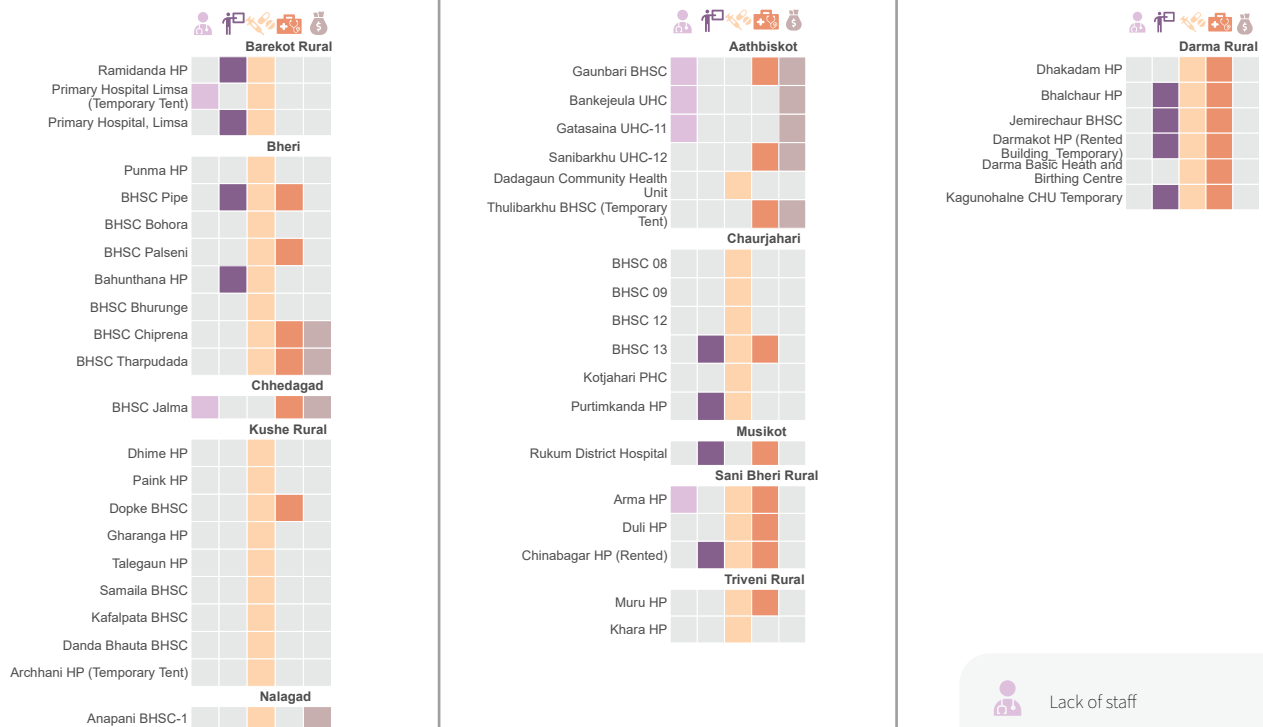
Rukum West

Salyan

Availability of cleaning equipment and supplies by municipality



Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU

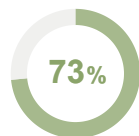


-  Lack of staff
-  Lack of training
-  Lack of supplies
-  Lack of equipment
-  Lack of financial resources

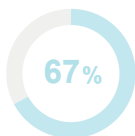


Main power sources

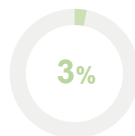
HSDU = 64



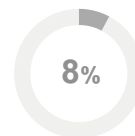
Public network



Solar

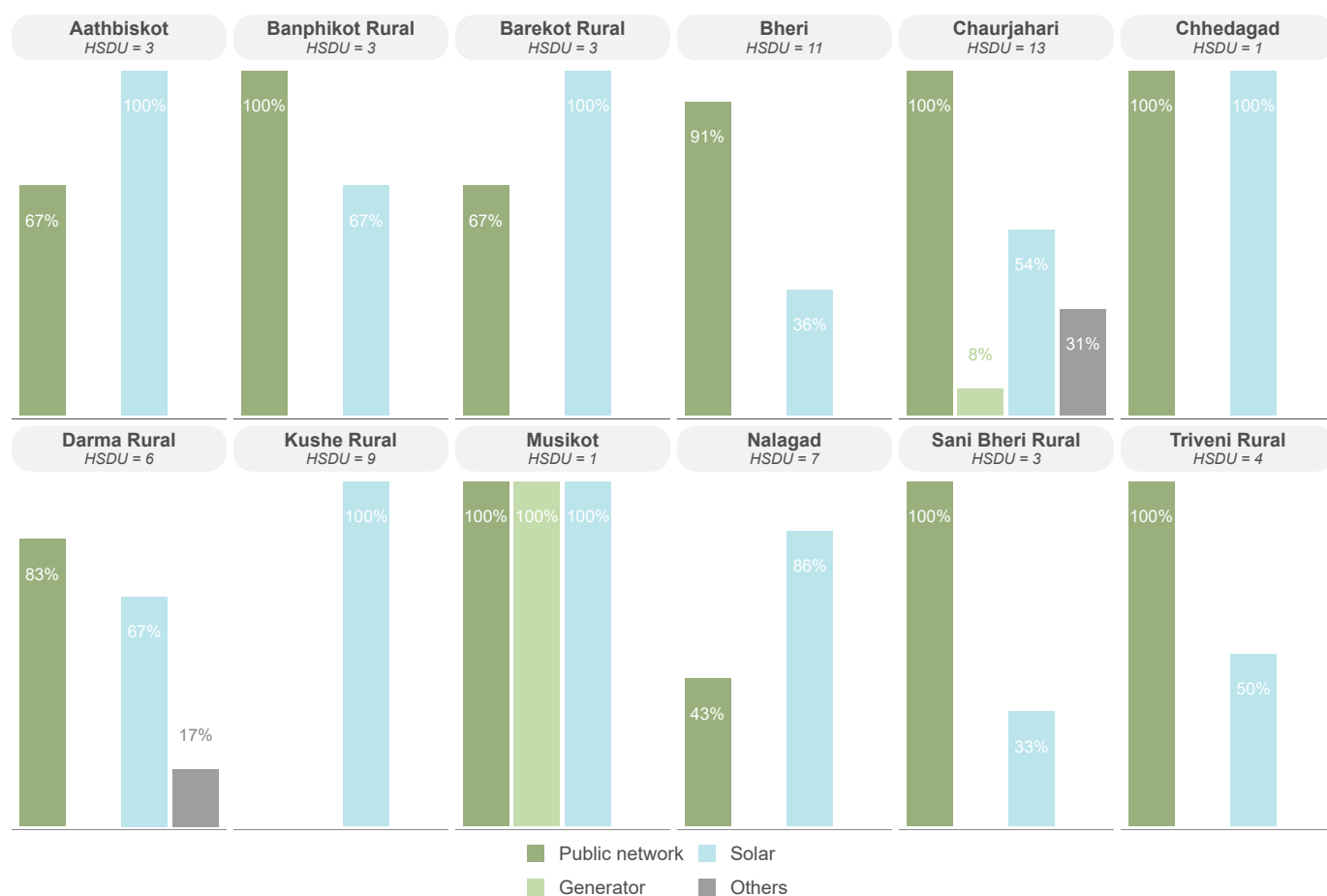


Generator



Others

Main power sources by municipality



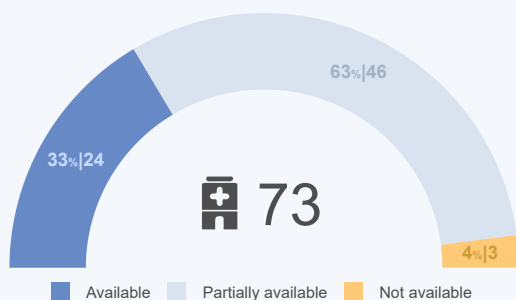




WASTE MANAGEMENT

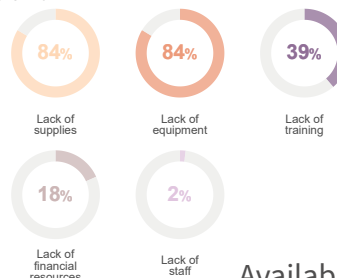
Waste segregation

Availability of Waste segregation¹⁹

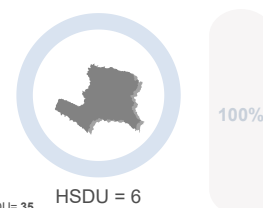
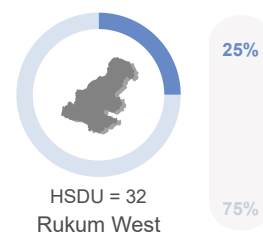
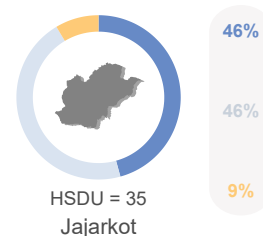
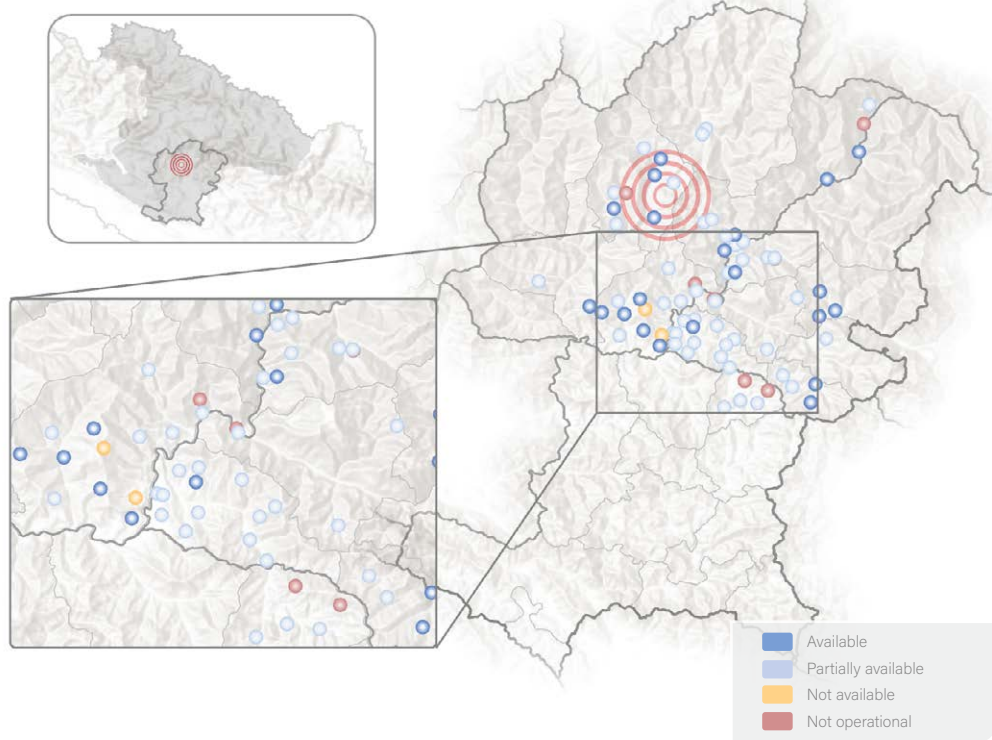


Main reasons of unavailability

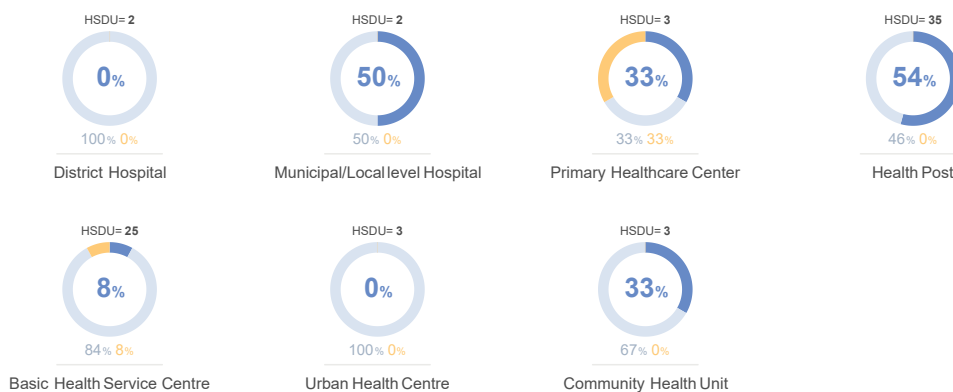
HSDU = 49



Availability of Waste segregation by district



Availability of Waste segregation by HSDU type



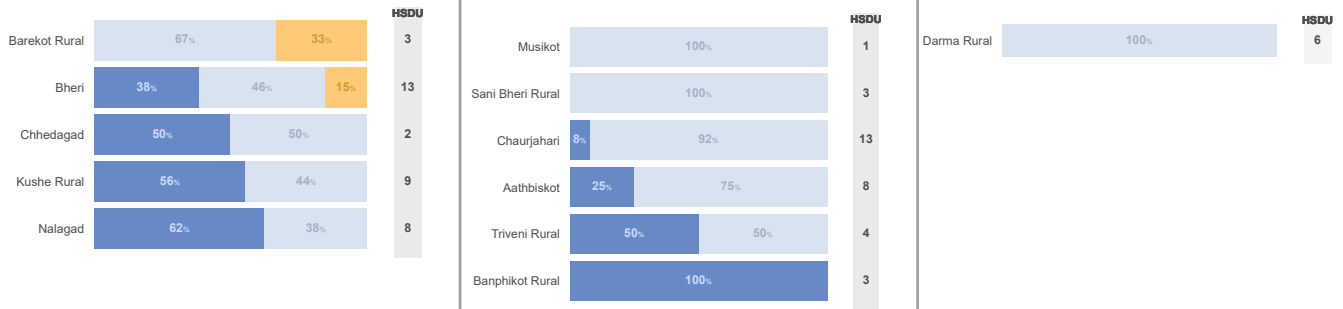
¹⁹ The availability of means to adhere to proper waste segregation practices in accordance with national standards. This includes availability of sufficient resources, supplies and training of staff. Waste segregation practices includes specific measures, such as the utilization of at least three leak-proof bins in the consultation area for waste segregation. Sharps containers must be puncture-proof, and bins designated for sharps waste and infectious waste should be equipped with lids to ensure safe and secure disposal.

Jajarkot

Rukum West

Salyan

Availability of Waste segregation by municipality



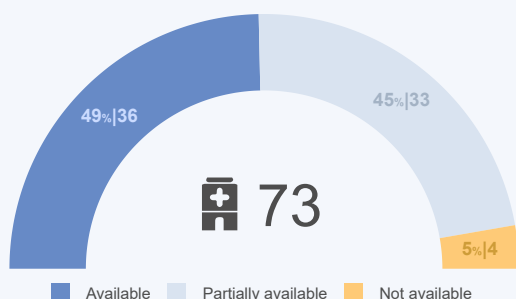
Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU





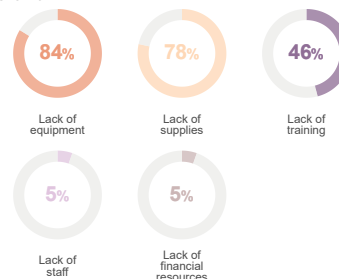
Final disposal of sharps

Availability of Sharps disposal²⁰

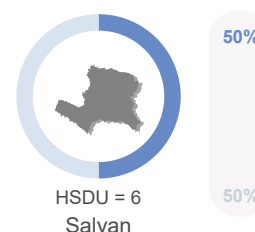
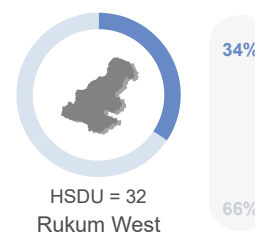
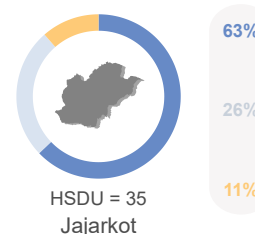
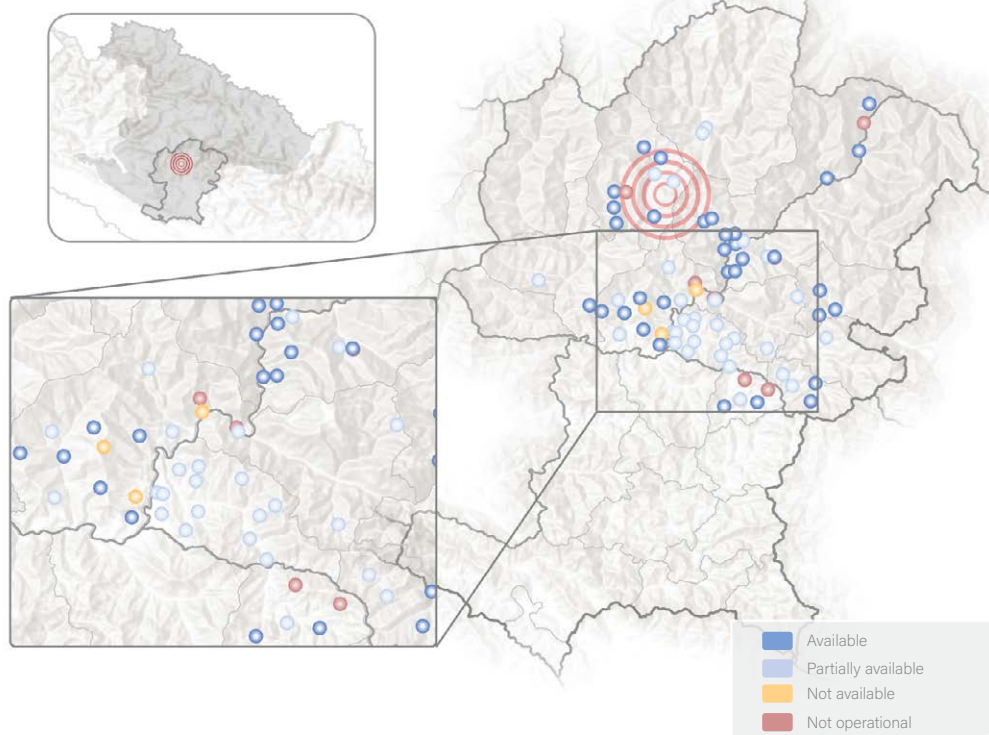


Main reasons of unavailability

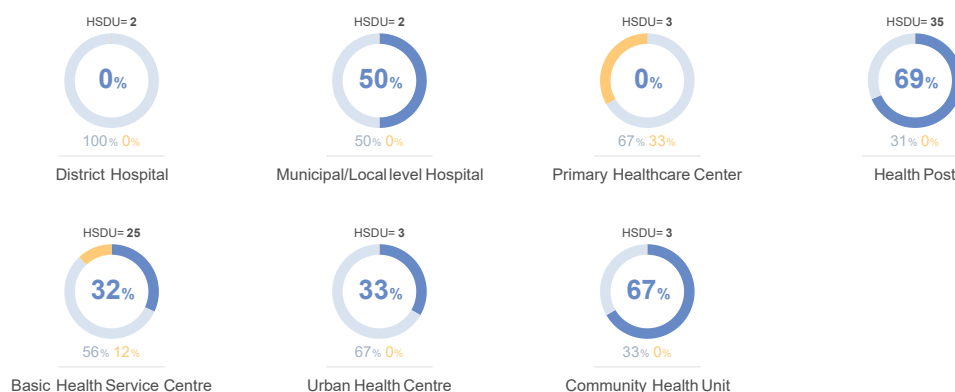
HSDU = 37



Availability of Sharps disposal by district



Availability of Sharps disposal by HSDU type



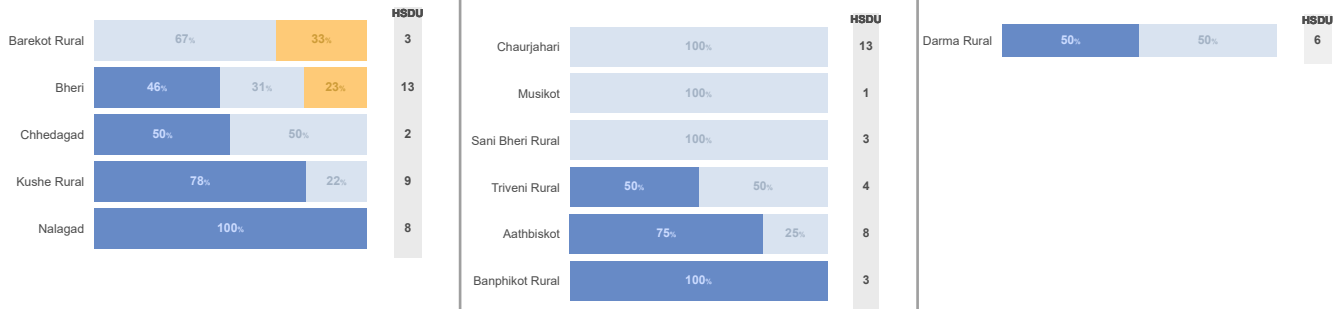
²⁰ Availability of means to treat and safely dispose of all sharp waste. This includes availability of sufficient resources, supplies and training of staff. Safe treatment and disposal methods include incineration, autoclaving, and burial in a lined, protected pit. Sharps may also be collected and transported off-site for medical waste treatment and disposal.

Jajarkot

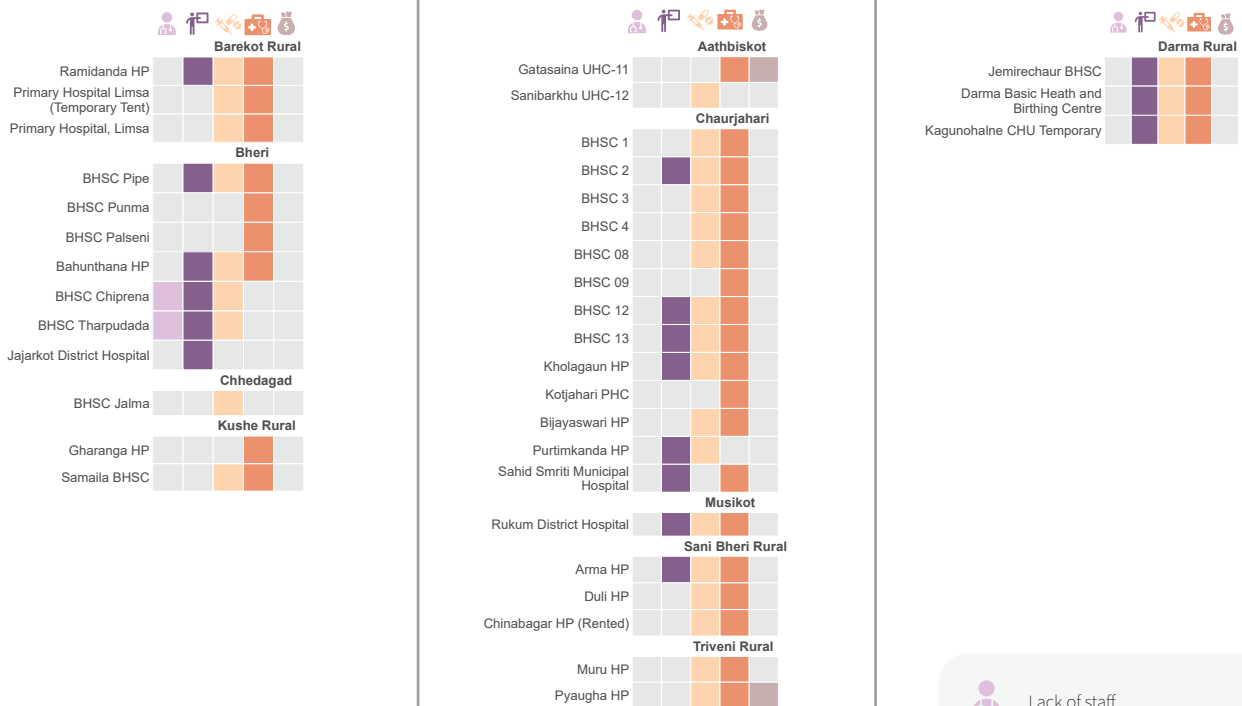
Rukum West

Salyan

Availability of Sharps disposal by municipality



Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU

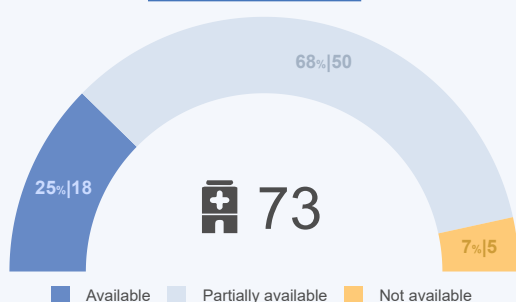


-  Lack of staff
-  Lack of training
-  Lack of supplies
-  Lack of equipment
-  Lack of financial resources



Final disposal of infectious waste

Availability of methods for final disposal of infectious waste ²¹



Main reasons of unavailability

HSDU = 55



Lack of equipment



Lack of supplies



Lack of training

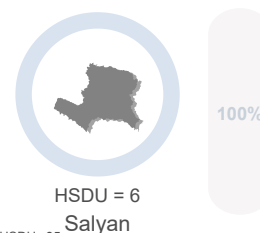
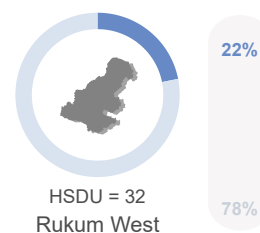
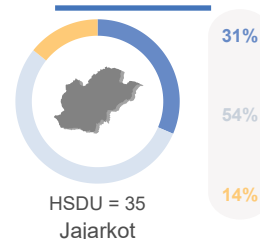


Lack of financial resources

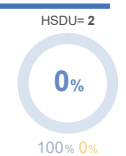


Lack of staff

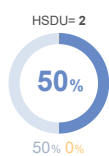
Availability of methods for final disposal of infectious waste by district



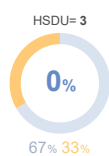
Availability of methods for final disposal of infectious waste by HSDU type



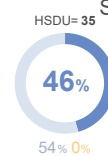
District Hospital



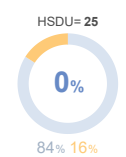
Municipal/Local level Hospital



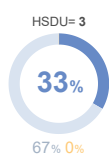
Primary Healthcare Center



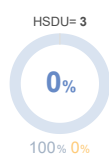
Health Post



Basic Health Service Centre



Urban Health Centre



Community Health Unit

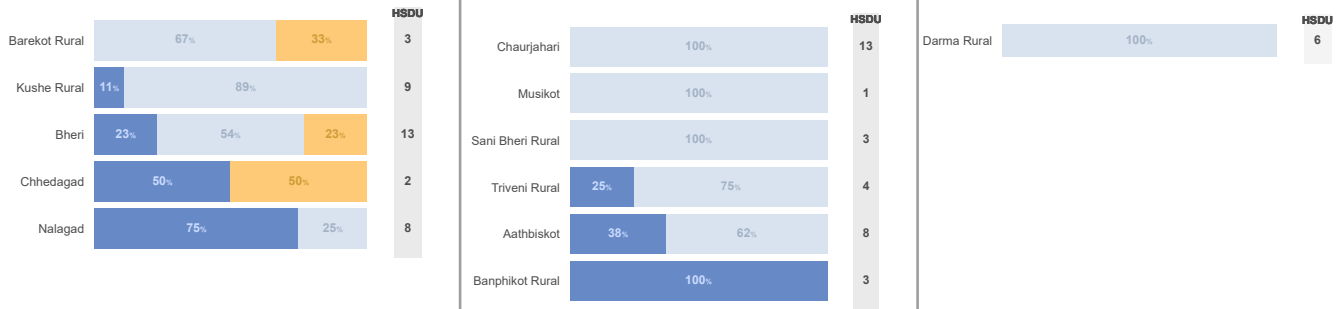
²¹ Availability of means to treat and safely dispose of all infectious waste. This includes availability of sufficient resources, supplies and training of staff. Safe treatment and disposal methods include incineration, autoclaving, and burial in a lined, protected pit. Infectious wastes may also be collected and transported off-site for medical waste treatment and disposal.

Jajarkot

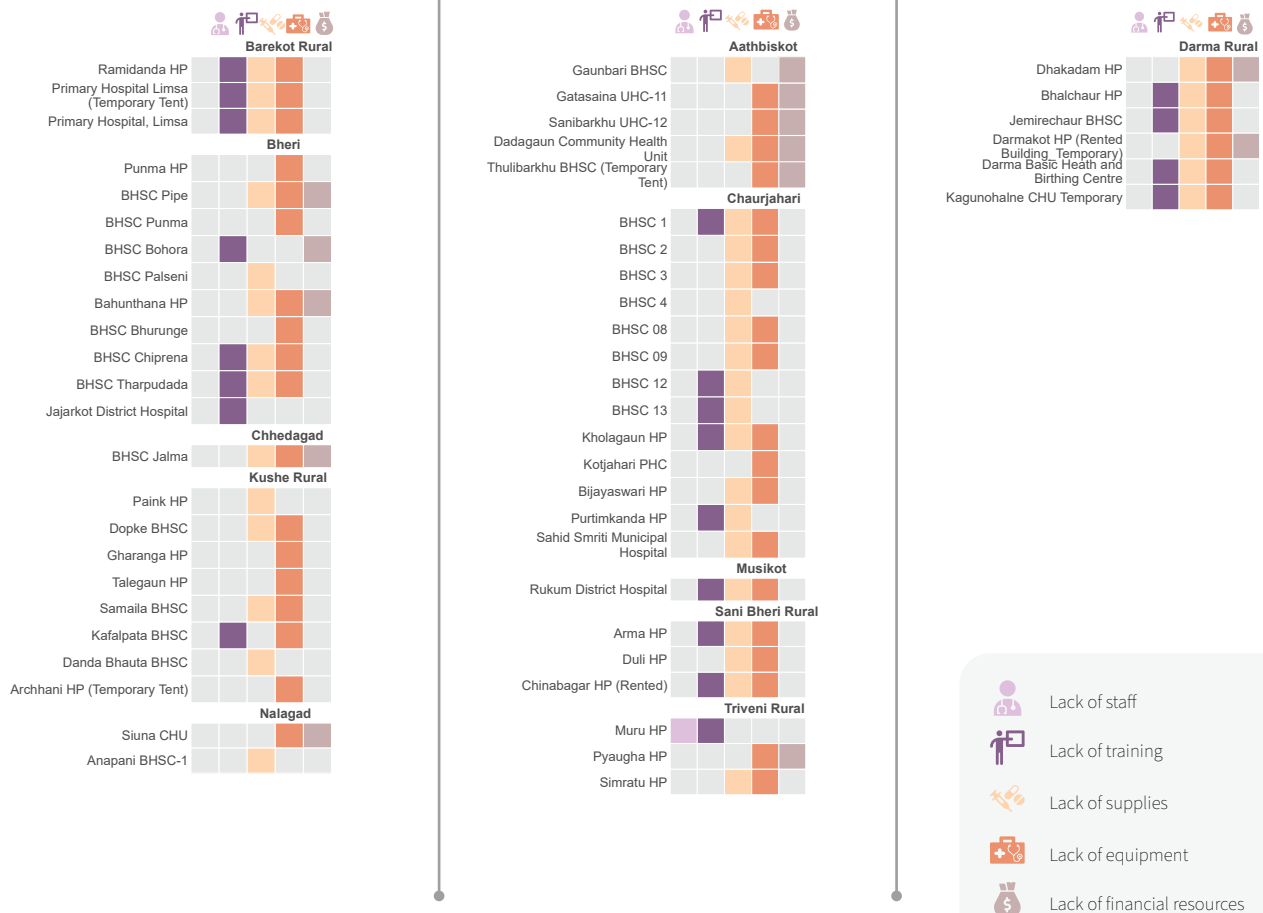
Rukum West

Salyan

Availability of methods for final disposal of infectious waste by municipality

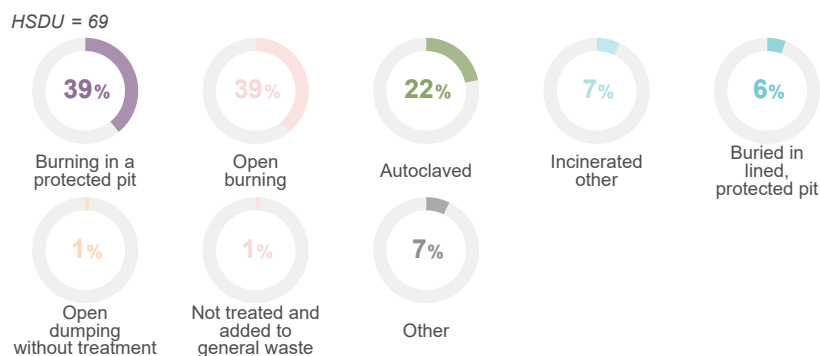


Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU

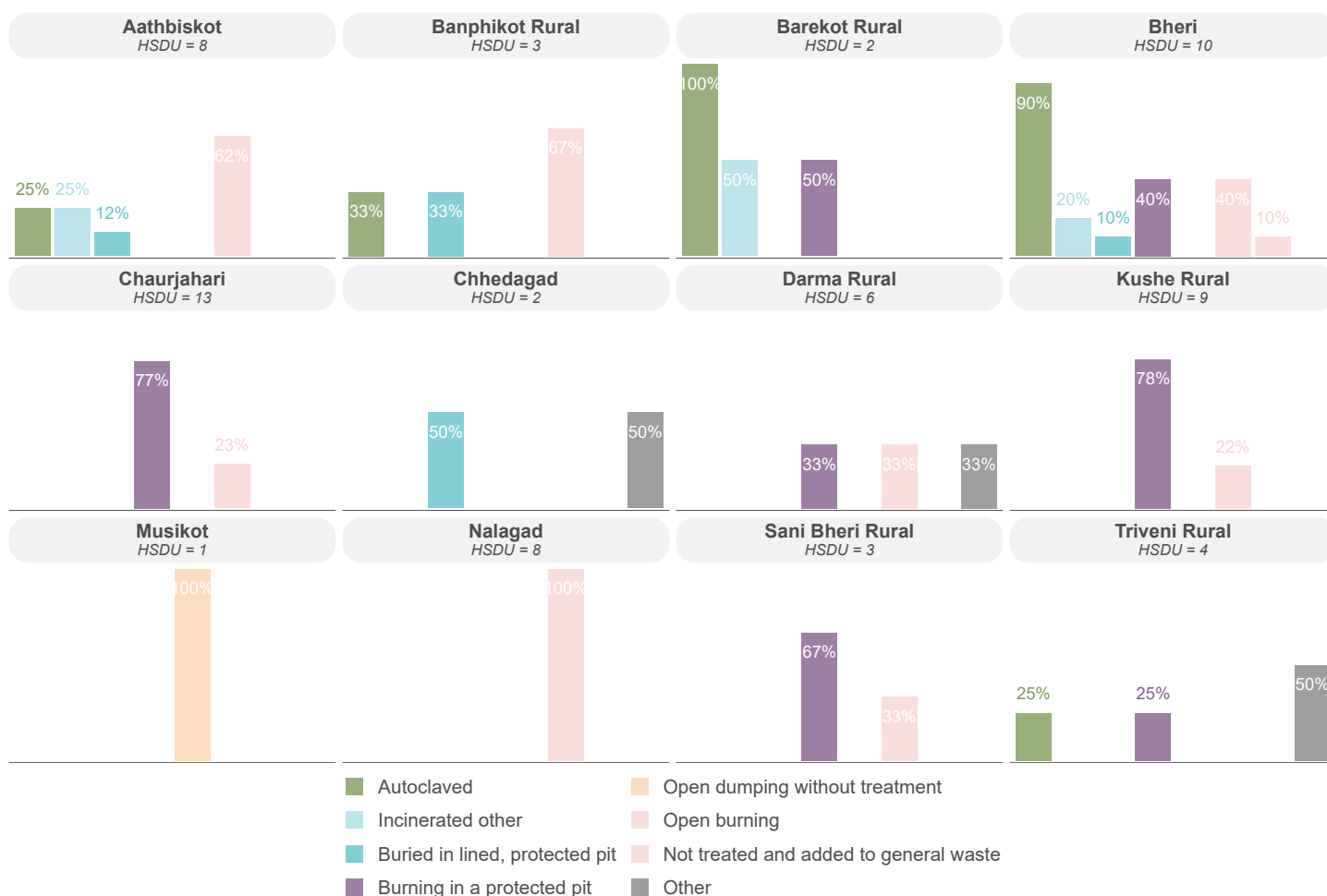




Waste management methods



Waste management methods by municipality

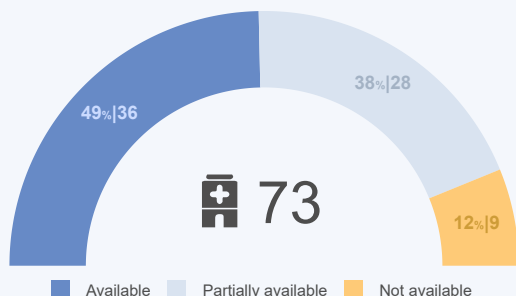






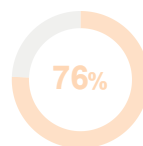
POWER AVAILABILITY

Power availability²²

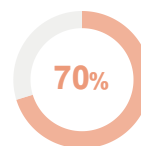


Main reasons of unavailability

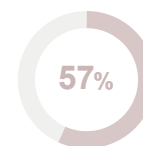
HSDU = 37



Lack of supplies

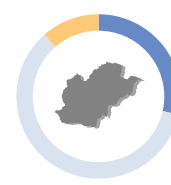
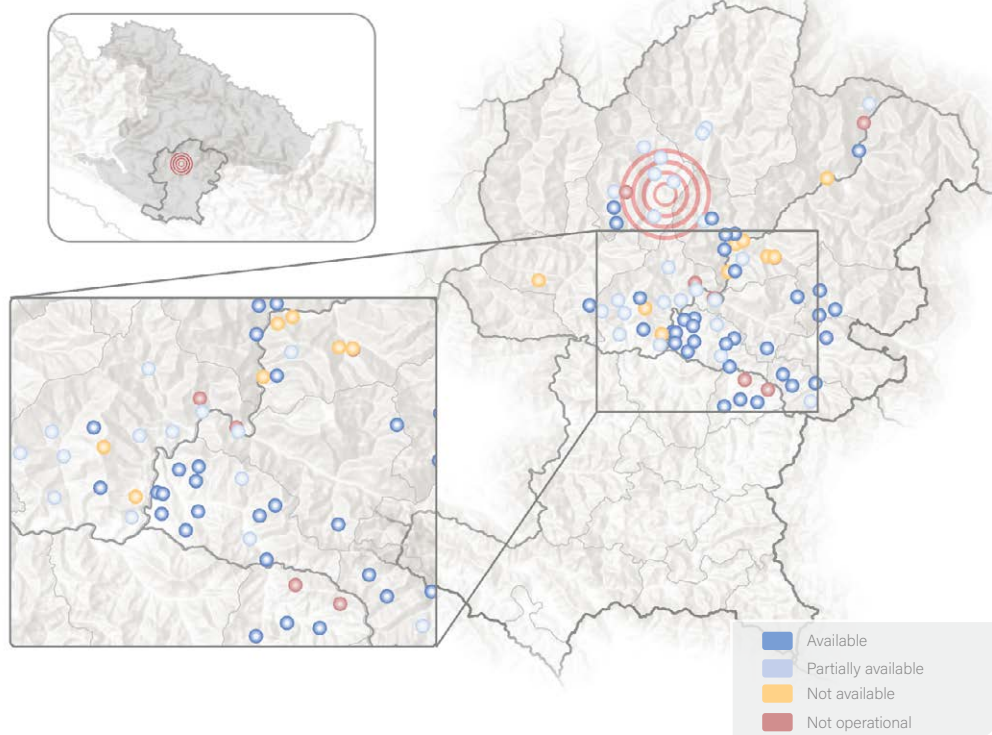


Lack of equipment

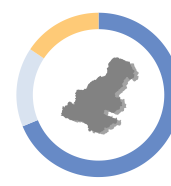


Lack of financial resources

Power availability by district



HSDU = 35
Jajarkot

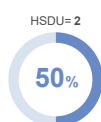


HSDU = 32
Rukum West

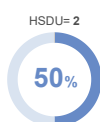


HSDU = 6
Salyan

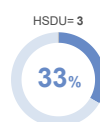
Power availability by HSDU type



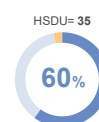
District Hospital



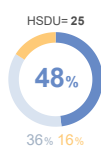
Municipal/Local level Hospital



Primary Healthcare Center



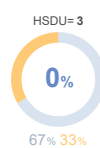
Health Post



Basic Health Service Centre



Urban Health Centre



Community Health Unit

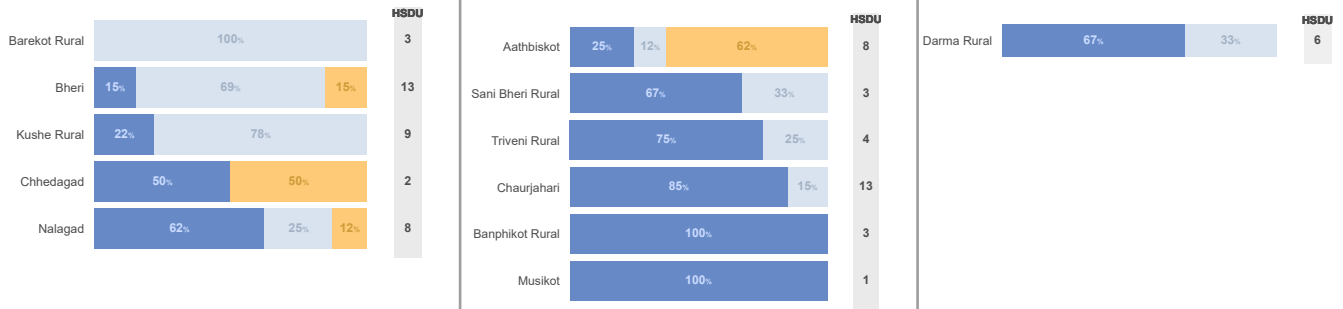
²² Availability of reliant and sufficient electricity to meet the daily demand of the HSDU. Note, disruptions or unreliability of national power networks is considered as a lack of supplies.

Jajarkot

Rukum West

Salyan

Power availability by municipality



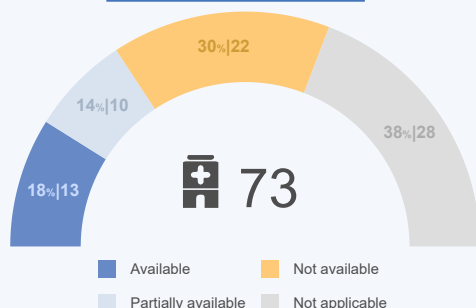
Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU



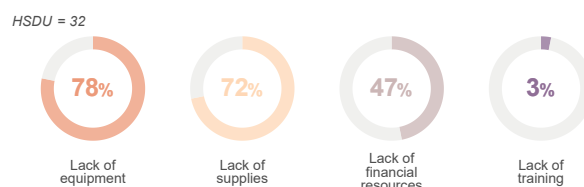


COLD CHAIN AVAILABILITY

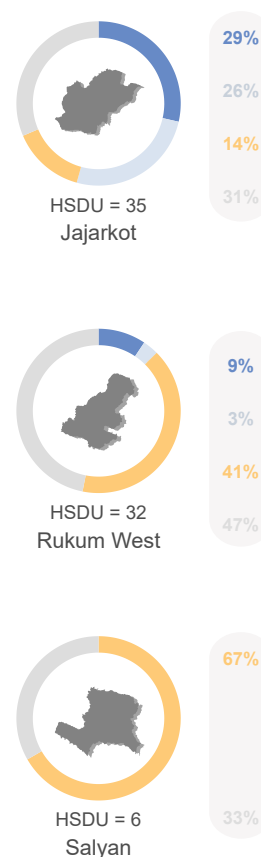
Cold chain availability²³



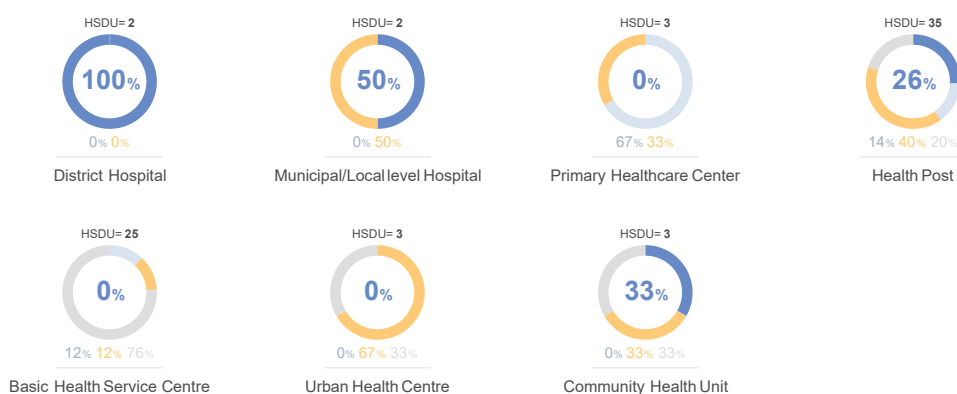
Main reasons of unavailability



Cold chain availability by district



Cold chain availability by HSDU type



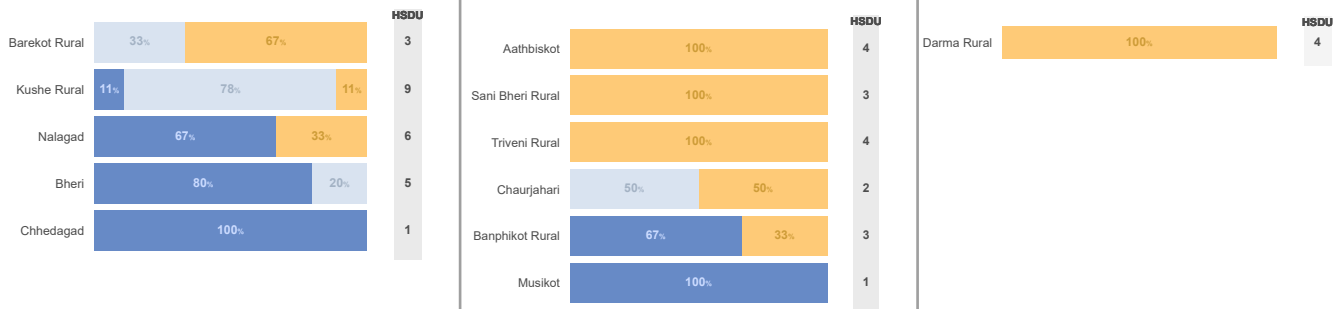
²³ Availability of a functioning cold chain with sufficient capacity to meet the HSDUS demand. This includes the availability of sufficient equipment to store vaccines (e.g., refrigerators, cold boxes, vaccine carriers, etc.) and sufficiency and reliability of the power source.

Jajarkot

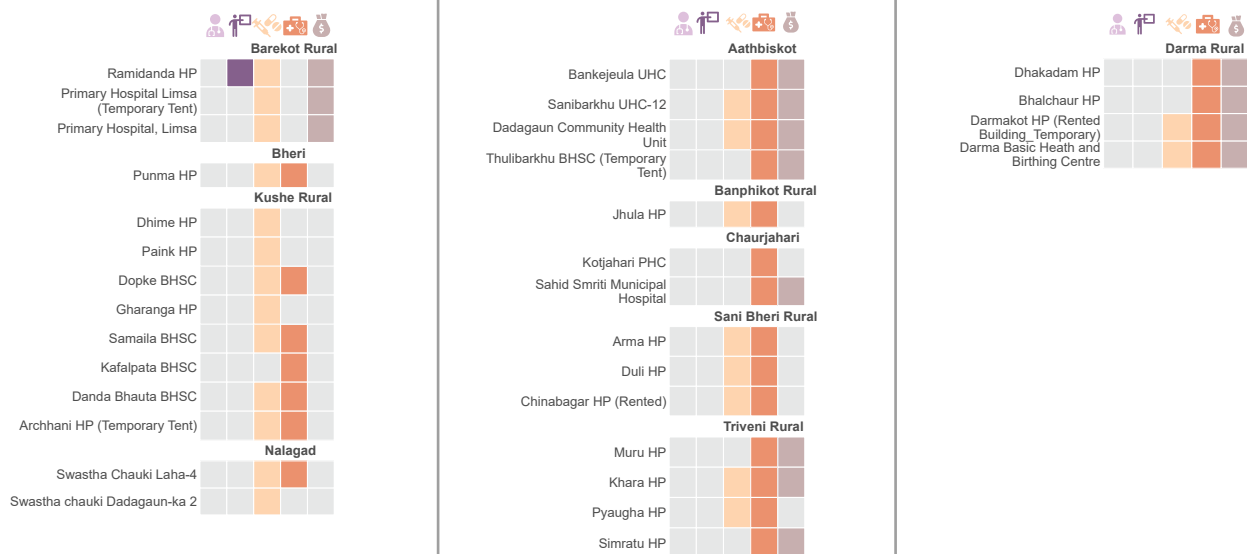
Rukum West

Salyan

Cold chain availability by municipality*



Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU



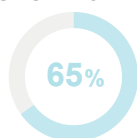
-  Lack of staff
-  Lack of training
-  Lack of supplies
-  Lack of equipment
-  Lack of financial resources

* HSDUs that did not report any data or that do not normally provide the service are excluded from the analysis.

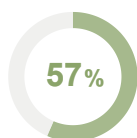


Cold chain power sources

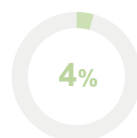
HSDU = 23



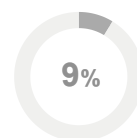
Solar



Public power network

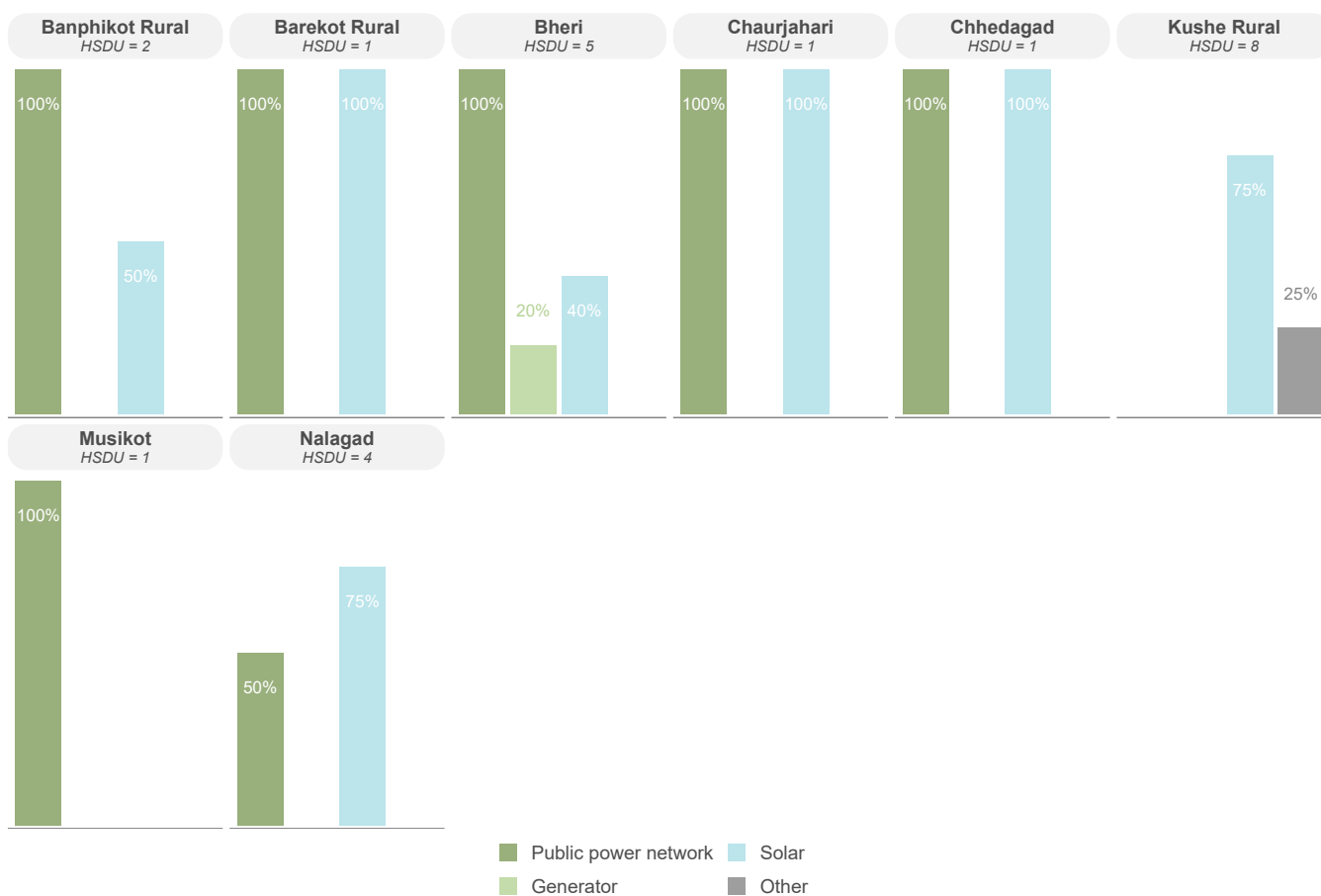


Generator



Other

Cold chain power sources by municipality

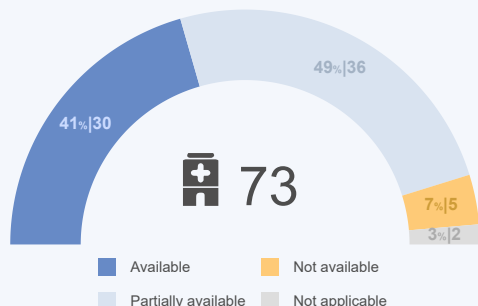






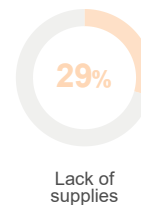
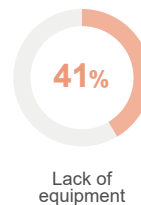
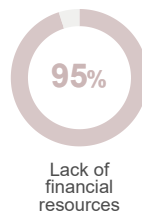
COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT SUFFICIENCY

Communication equipment availability²⁴

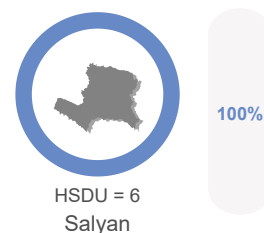
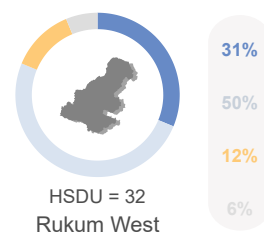
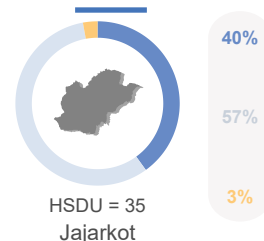


Main reasons of unavailability

HSDU = 41



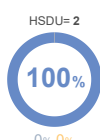
Communication equipment availability by district



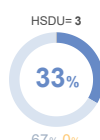
Communication equipment availability by HSDU type



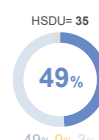
District Hospital



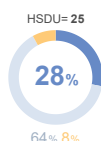
Municipal/Local level Hospital



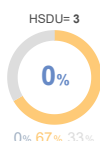
Primary Healthcare Center



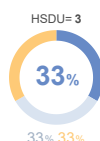
Health Post



Basic Health Service Centre



Urban Health Centre



Community Health Unit

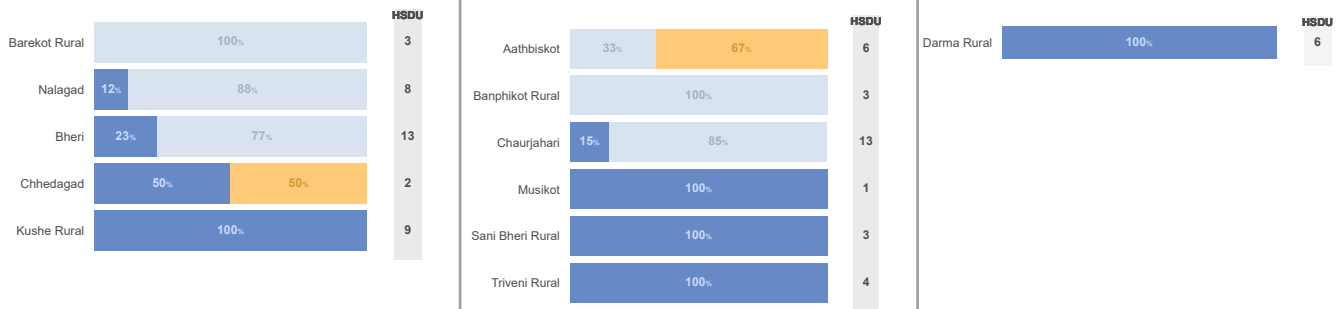
²⁴ Availability of means to communicate with other stakeholders. This includes availability and functionality of required equipment (phone, computer, etc.), required supplies (continuous network availability) and funds (e.g., to purchase mobile data). Note, disruptions or unreliability of power networks is reported under lack of supplies.

Jajarkot

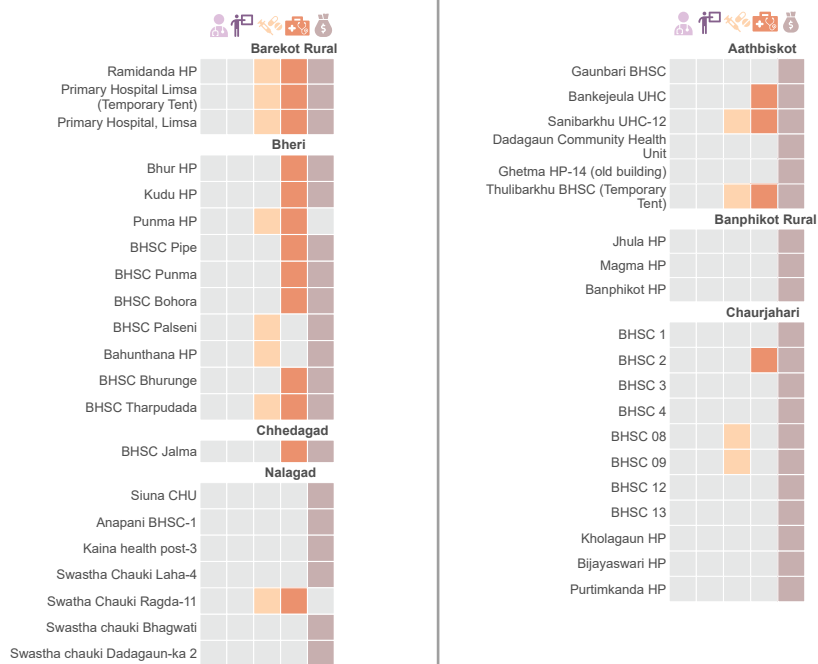
Rukum West

Salyan


Communication equipment availability by municipality*



Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU



No barriers reported

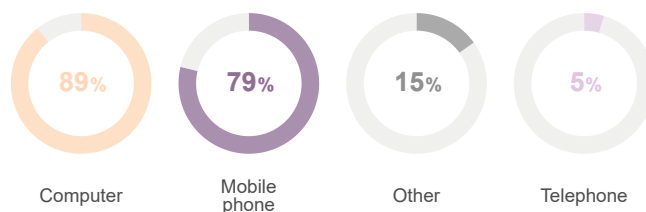
-  Lack of staff
-  Lack of training
-  Lack of supplies
-  Lack of equipment
-  Lack of financial resources

* HSDUs that did not report any data or that do not normally provide the service are excluded from the analysis.

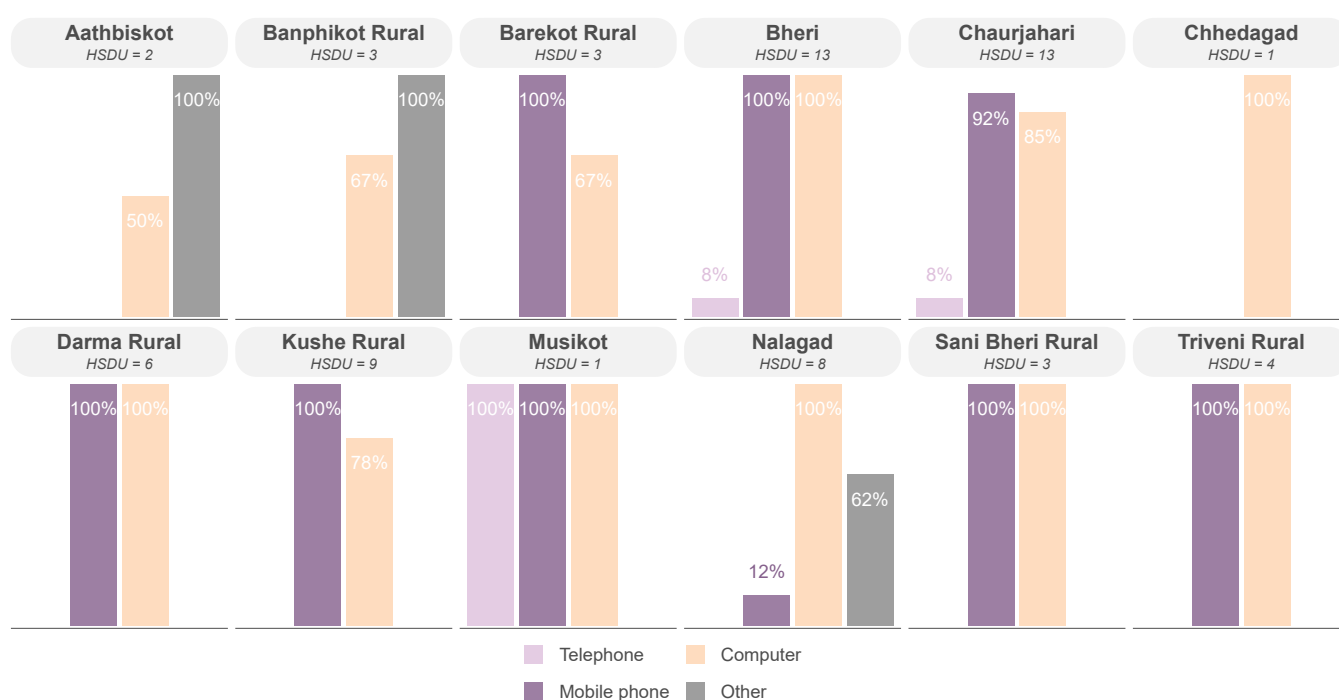


Type of communication equipment available

HSDU = 66



Type of communication equipment available by municipality

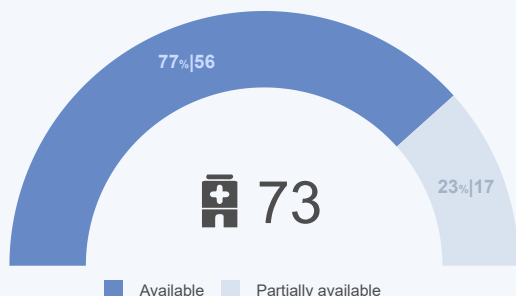






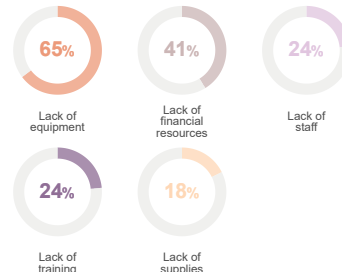
HEALTH ELECTRONIC RECORDS

Availability of Health records ¹⁷

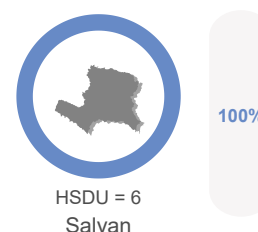
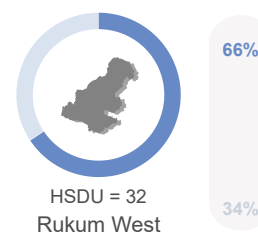
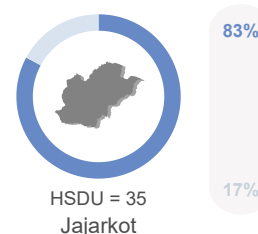
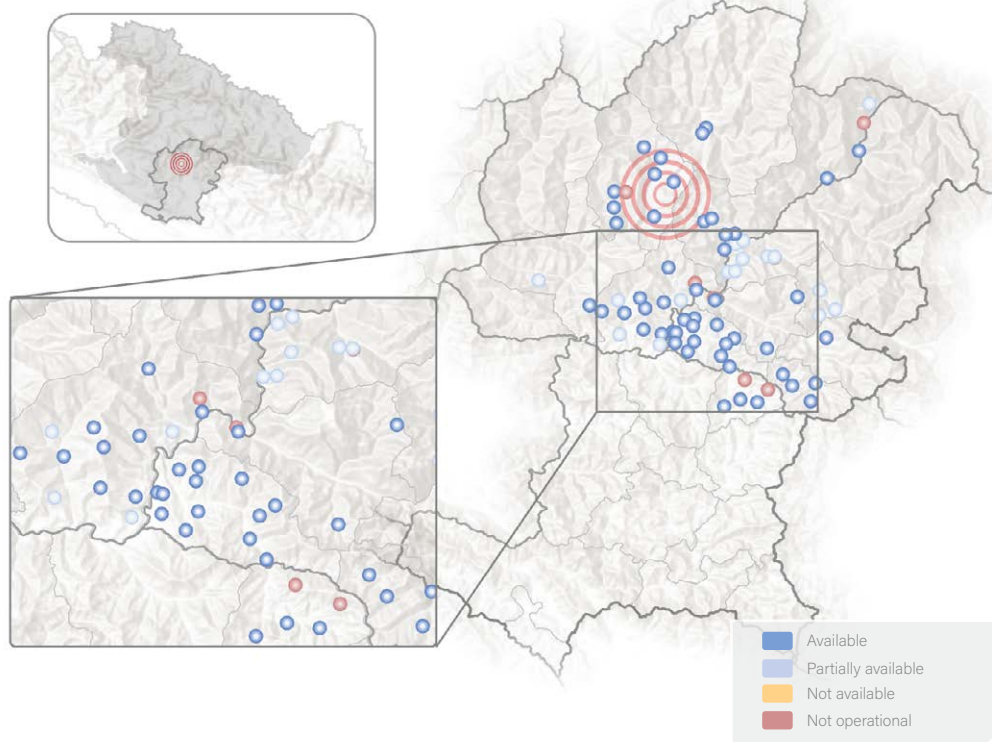


Main reasons of unavailability

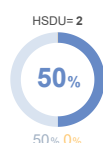
HSDU = 17



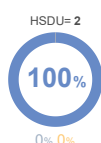
Availability of Health records by district



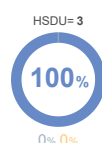
Availability of Health records by HSDU type



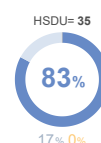
District Hospital



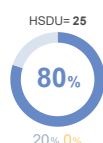
Municipal/Local level Hospital



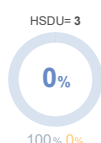
Primary Healthcare Center



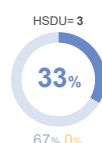
Health Post



Basic Health Service Centre



Urban Health Centre



Community Health Unit

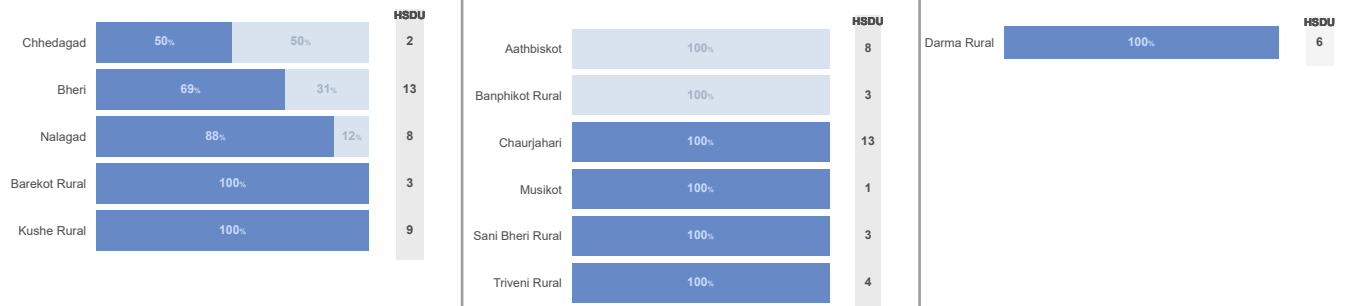
¹⁷ Availability encompasses functionality, completeness, accuracy, and timeliness of reports. For an HSDU to effectively complete reporting duties, required resources such as equipment, supplies, and human resources must be available in sufficient quantity and quality.

Jajarkot

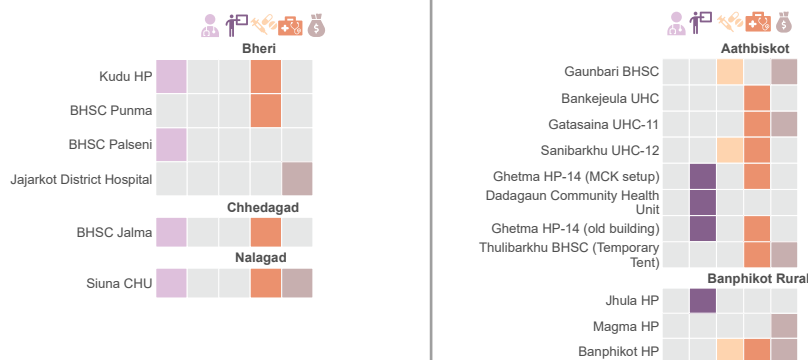
Rukum West

Salyan



Availability of Health records by municipality



Main reasons of unavailability by municipality and HSDU



No barriers reported

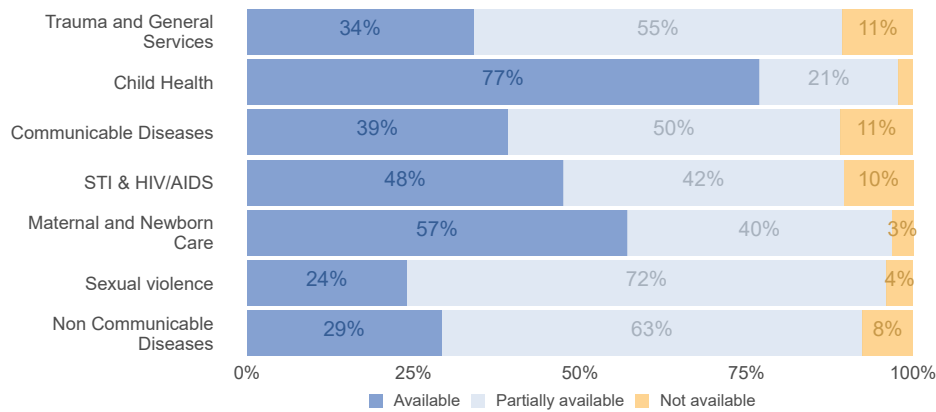
-  Lack of staff
-  Lack of training
-  Lack of supplies
-  Lack of equipment
-  Lack of financial resources

ESSENTIAL HEALTH SERVICES

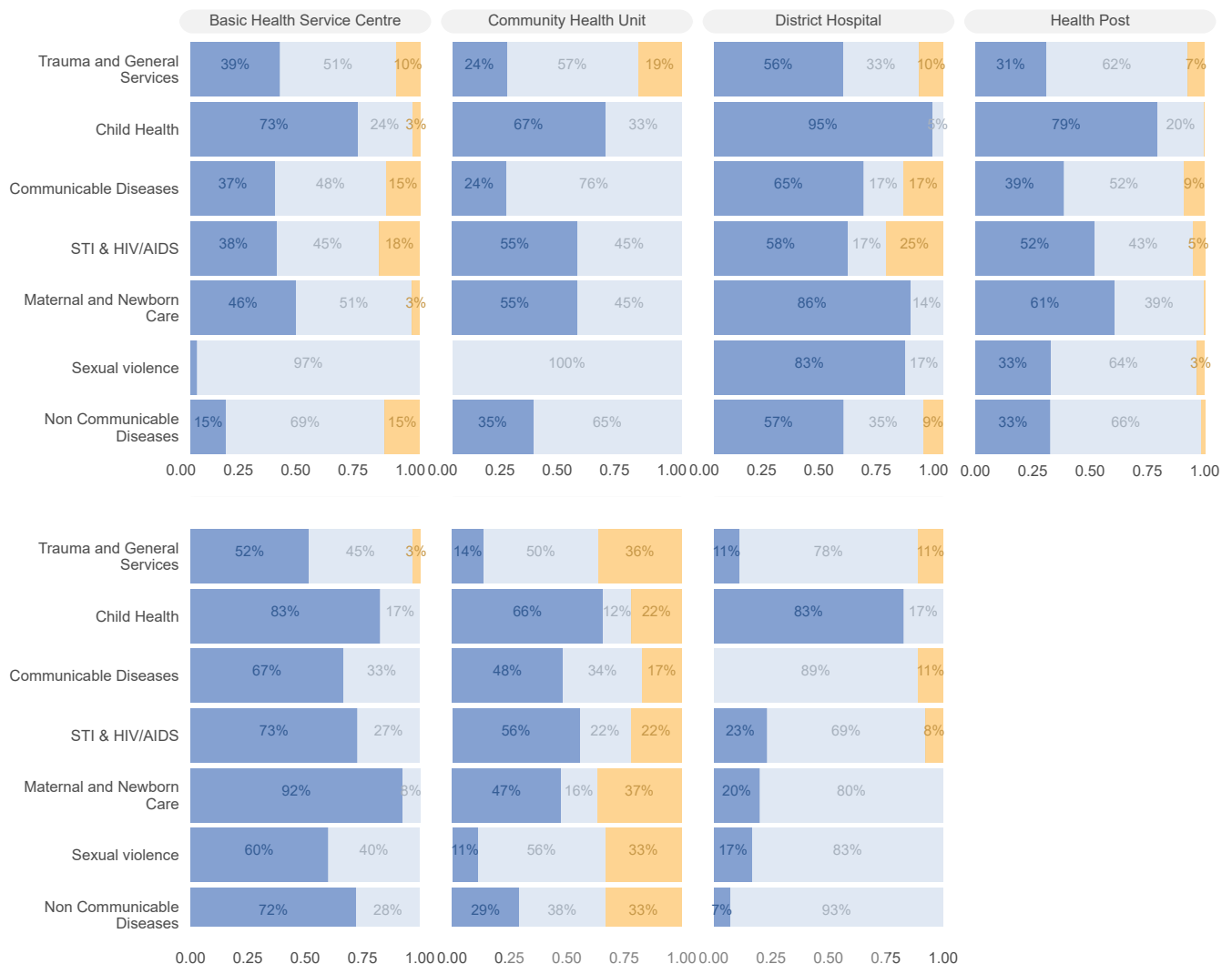


HEALTH SERVICE DOMAINS OVERVIEW

Availability of services by domains*



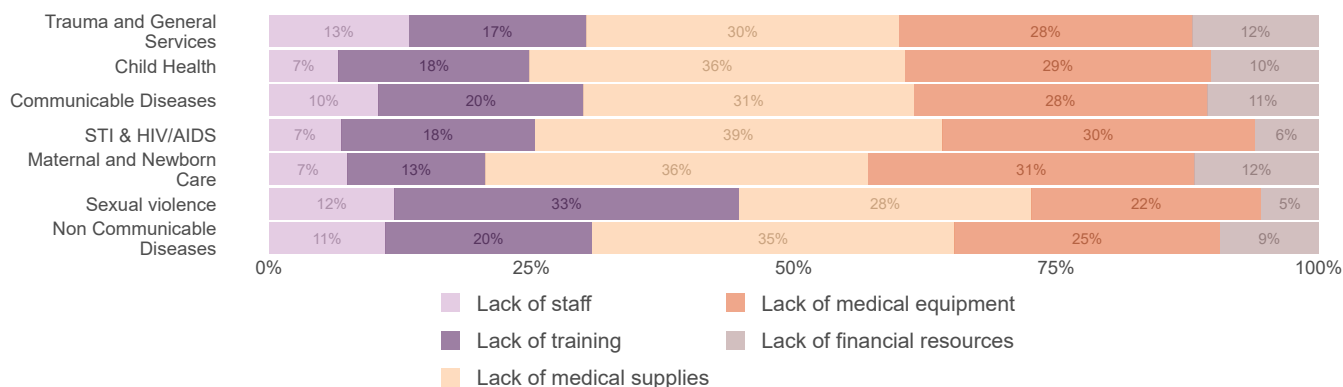
Availability of services by domains and HSDU type*



* Charts display an overview of all health services included in the respective domain. Inclusions was limited to health services expected to be provided by the HSDUs as indicated by key informants. For further details on the availability of individual health services, please refer to the dedicated health service domain reports available separately ([see page 2](#)).



Barriers impeding service delivery by domain



Barriers impeding service delivery by domain and HSDU type



